The Massillon Independent.

ISSUED SEMI-WEEKLY. MASSILLON, OHIO. MONDAY MARCH 27, 1899. XXXVIII—NO. 4

YESTERDAY'S FIGHT.

The News as Received by Officials at the War Department.

VOLUNTEERS IN ADVANCE.

They are the Veterans of the Army and Understand Jungle Fighting Twenty-Seven Thousand Men Under General Otis.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

WASHINGTON, March 25.—This has been a day of great anxiety and excitement at the war department, and officials were reminded of the busiest days during the war with Spain. Every official in the department has been intently looking for every scrap of information regarding the progress of General Otis's expeditionary forces, and it was noted that movements of the troops were executed like clock work. Necessarily, the advance was rapid, yet the officials were delighted with the perfection of arrangements, especially noting the rapid work of the signal men with the troops in running their wires, the ambulance corps close up to the fighting lines, and the pressing forward of supplies. Although the results of the day's fighting were not known when the department closed the greatest confidence was shown by the officers in the complete success of the American arms. Nothing but words of praise were heard for the strategy of General Otis and his subordinate officers. General McArthur was particularly commended, being the active leader of the advancing column thrown forward against the insurgents' line. It was the opinion of the department that the Americans would bivouac on the field and take up the forward movement as soon as the sun rises Sunday morning. There is no question about stopping now, as this movement is intended to break up the rebel power in the island, and it will be pushed to the utmost until the insurgents surrender or flee beyond reach in the mountains or jungles.

General Otis has under his command at Manila and vicinity about 27,000 soldiers. According to the latest report from Otis, Aguinaldo has 30,000 armed men. Adjutant General Corbin estimates the American flying column at about 10,000, while the insurgents, as reported by Otis, have 12,000 men in line, all behind intrenchments. Aguinaldo's reserve of 18,000 men is not far distant from the scene of the hardest fighting, and it is suspected that some of them, including Aguinaldo himself, were drawn into today's battle, in which event the numbers have been heavily against the Americans. The latter are taking full advantage of the railroad now in their possession, which runs parallel to the movement of today, and which is of great assistance.

There is a possibility of much confusion over the names of Generals Hale and Hall. General Irving Hale was colonel of the Colorado infantry, and has been promoted to brigadier general of volunteers. General Robert H. Hall was formerly colonel of the Fourth regular infantry, promoted to brigadier general of volunteers. Both officers played an important part in today's engagement.

Frequent inquiries have been made today why so large a proportion of the troops in the advance were volunteers. War department officials have explained that these volunteers were actually more veteranized than the regulars. They have been in service nearly a year and have done more fighting than any other troops in the United States army. They also have an advantage over the regulars in their knowledge of jungle fighting, acquired during their long stay at Manila and vicinity.

It is a part of prudence to maintain a strong reserve of the most reliable character in a movement such as is now going on, and General Otis yesterday emphasized the necessity of strongly garrisoning the old lines surrounding the city. This duty has been assigned principally to the regular troops.

Great satisfaction is expressed at the war department over the press reports that Americans had captured the railroad leading to Malolos, the headquarters of the insurgents. The great danger to which the advance force of Americans has been exposed was the cutting of their line of communication with Manila, preventing supplies from reaching the outposts. Great difficulty has already been experienced in maintaining transportation service over the only roads available, owing to the length of the American line, but with the railroad in their possession the task will be reduced fully one-half. It is now doubtful whether it will be necessary to maintain these outposts.

The war department late tonight made public the following dispatch from General Otis, dated Manila, March 25: "Perfected northern movement not yet completed. Otis and Hale's brigades, with mounted troops of the Fourth cavalry, in turning column, met with heavy resistance, over a difficult country, and are camped tonight six miles east of Polo and six miles north of the line from which the advance was taken up. Wheaton's brigade, at Caloocan, drove the enemy one and a half miles north, across the river. Hall, on the extreme right, encountered a considerable force and routed it. The fighting was heavy near Caloocan. The movement will continue in the morning. Our casualties are about one hundred and sixty; twenty-five killed. The enemy lost in killed alone two hundred."

Secretary Alger and party, aboard the transport Ingalls, unexpectedly put in at Key West tonight, though they were scheduled to be at Havana tomorrow morning. Official advices of the battle had been cabled to Secretary Alger at Havana, but on receipt of his arrival at Key West the messages were repeated to that point. The secretary and party will proceed to Havana tomorrow. Not a word about the battle came to the navy department during the day or night.

POOR PROPHETS.

They Say Americans Cannot Subjugate the Filippinos.

Admit that We Will Win all Battles, But in the End Will Fail—Spanish Journalists With Vivid Imaginations.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

MADRID, March 25.—Spanish officers who are acquainted with the Philippine islands continue to predict the failure of Major General Otis's campaign, notwithstanding American success. They say that while the Americans will undoubtedly win all the battles, they will lose the campaign itself, owing to the aptitude of the Tagalos to conduct a war of surprises and ambuscades. Malolos, the capital of the rebel government, they add, will fall into the hands of the Americans, but they insist that the war will rage as long as the rebels desire it. The correspondent at Manila of the Correspondencia alleges that within six days from the reopening of hostilities the Americans lost one thousand men and that several companies of troops fell into the hands of the insurgents.

TWO MORE BODIES FOUND.

Twenty-seven Windsor Hotel Employes Unaccounted For.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

NEW YORK, March 25.—Two bodies were found in the Windsor hotel fire ruins today. Mrs. Martha M. Simans and Frederick M. Day, injured, died in Bellevue hospital tonight. The number of known dead is now twenty-six. A special patrolman, formerly employed in the hotel, has completed his list of the missing employes. Sixteen men and eleven women are unaccounted for. This count has been made very carefully. The first body found today was near the Fifth avenue side of the ruins. It was in an unrecognizable condition, and could not even be identified as the remains of a man or woman. The second body was found at 9:15 o'clock tonight under some steam pipes in the archway of the first partition wall of the basement. The body was wholly unrecognizable, only the trunk, ribs and flesh clinging to the body remains.

ON THE WAY HOME.

The Cruiser Chicago Left Santiago, With Secretary Sherman Today.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

SANTIAGO, March 25.—The United States cruiser Chicago, with John Sherman on board, sailed east from here, going through the Windward passage. Before leaving Captain Cooper said he expected to reach Hampton Roads in four days. There Sherman will be transferred to a smaller steamer which will take him to Washington. Mr. Sherman decided just before sailing that he preferred to be taken directly home. Passengers on the American line steamer Paris, from which Sherman was transferred, are all well.

TROOPS LEAVE PANA.

A Deputy Sheriff and Posse are Now in Charge.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

PANA, Ill., March 25.—The last of the soldiers brought here during the riots left today, and the situation is in charge of Deputy Sheriff Cheney and a posse.

IN WALL STREET.

The Market Was Strong and Active on Saturday.

HEAVY TRADING ALL WEEK

Seven-Tenths of the Stock Dealt in During the Past Week Advanced—Healthy Tone of the Bond Market.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

NEW YORK, March 25.—Stocks were very strong today, with transactions of over half a million shares in the two hours' session, and quotations closed at about the best. Expectation that the bank statement would be favorable was an early incentive for purchases, and when it appeared, showing an increase of about five and one-half millions in the loan account, and a decrease of only half a million in the surplus reserve, most stocks continued their upward progress.

Among the industrials, Continental tobacco preferred got up 2¼; Federal Steel 1⅛; Peoples Gas 1; Consolidated Gas 3. Among the Vanderbilts there were advances of 1½ in New York Central, and one each for Illinois Central and Canada Southern. Increased interest appeared among the Grangers, with improving prices, Burlington leading with 1¼. Strength was also displayed by Atchison preferred, Southern preferred and St. Louis and San Francisco.

The fact that call rates ruled today at four per cent was favorably commented upon, and the market closed strong. About seven-tenths of the stock dealt in on exchange this week advanced. The dealings, which were about half a million larger than those of the previous week, were mostly influenced by the monetary situation and interest attaching to the bank statement, largely as to whether it forecasted easier or tighter money. Judging by the prices after the appearance of the bank statement, speculators seemed to take the view that for the present call money would not go above this week's figures.

This week's bond market showed a generally healthy tone, with notable improvements in many securities. United States new fours, registered, advanced three-fourth; fours, coupons, five eighths; the fives, threes and old fours, coupons, one-half, and fours, registered, three-eighths.

THE SCHEDULE MADE UP.

League Base Ball Season Will Open April 15th.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

NEW YORK, March 25.—The session of the National Base Ball League closed at 4 o'clock this afternoon, with the adoption of a schedule that calls for four trips. The regular season opens April 15 and closes October 14. Upon request of Robison, a resolution was adopted allowing clubs that so wished to open the season on April 14 and close October 15. The champion Bostons will open the season with the newly organized Brooklyn team. New York opens at Baltimore, with Baltimore: Washington at Philadelphia; Chicago at Louisville: Pittsburg at Cincinnati, and Cleveland at St. Louis. Most of the magnates took a hurried departure for home.

INDIANA MINERS.

Joint Scale Committee Cannot Agree on Price for Machine Mining.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

TERRE HAUTE, March 25.—At today's session of the Indiana miners a new state executive board was selected. The joint scale committee held a protracted meeting, but nothing was accomplished. The bone of contention seems to be the special rate for machine mining demanded by the miners, which the operators refuse to concede. The committee adjourned until next Wednesday, in order to allow time for a careful reconsideration of the propositions advanced by both sides. The miners' convention will resume business on Monday.

NEARLY RECOVERED.

The Pope Expects to Officiate at Mass at St. Peters.

By Associated Press to THE INDEPENDENT.]

ROME, March 26.—The Pope is steadily gaining strength, eats well, and his mentality is as acute as ever. He celebrated mass this morning without requiring aid of any kind, and will probably officiate at mass at St. Peter's on one of the first Sundays after Easter.

NOT READY TO REPORT.

Another Board Investigating the Meat Business.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

WASHINGTON, March 25.—The military board inquiring into the destruction of a large quantity of beef sent to Porto Rico duing the war has not yet completed taking testimony. No determination has been reached, nor have individual members expressed their views to each other. This statement was made today by one of the officers of the board, because of published reports that the board had reached a conclusion and a court martial would result. At present the board is awaiting information from Porto Rico.

AFRICA DIVIDED.

France and Great Britain Finally Reach an Agreement.

Only Four Recognized Independent States Left in the Continent—European Powers are Satisfied With the Distribution.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

LONDON, March 25.—A red letter page in the history of Africa was written this week, when Great Britain and France agreed to the parcelling of the last portion of Africa still open to the grabbers. The agreement disposes of hundreds of thousands of square miles, and leaves only four recognized independent states throughout the continent—Morocco, Abyssinia, Liberia and Orange Free State. The reception of the agreement by European powers is decided favorable. The Russians do not care. Germany apparently hopes for compensation elsewhere, and is not sorry to see France's hands full of colonial embarrassments, while in France, except for colonial faddists and inveterate anglophobes, a majority are dazzled by the new empire, which they picture as a second British India.

AN IMPORTANT CONFERENCE.

Bryan and Leading Free Silver Men Meet at Hot Springs.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

HOT SPRINGS, March 25.—Wm. J. Bryan and ex-Governor Wm. J. Stone, of Missouri, arrived here this evening and have taken connecting apartments at the Eastman hotel. Bryan will lecture tonight, and an important conference of free silver leaders is expected tomorrow or Monday. Senator Mantle, Senator Pettigrew, ex-Senator Dubois and ex-Senator Reagan slipped into Hot Springs yesterday, unannounced. John C. Sheehan, Tammany's leader, who has been here some time, postponed his return to New York for a week for the purpose of meeting Bryan and Stone.

BIG STRIKE THREATENED.

Street Cars of Cleveland May All Be Tied Up.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

CLEVELAND, March 25.—A strike which may tie up every street railway in Cleveland is threatened. Employes of the Big Consolidated Company declare that unnecessarily severe rules are being harshly enforced upon them, and the Little Consolidated Company's men, while having no complaints of their own, say they will stand by their fellow workmen. A large union is being formed, after which the future course of action will be decided upon. The strike sentiment among the big consolidated men is very pronounced.

STOVE MANUFACTURERS MEET

As a Result, the Price of Stoves Will be Advanced.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

COLUMBUS, March 25.—A meeting here today resulted in the formation of the Ohio Valley Association of stove manufacturers. The meeting grew out of the recent conference of stove manufacturers in Chicago. An advance of ten per cent in the wages granted moulders in the Ohio Valley will be followed by advance of an equal amount in the price of stoves. The advance will not be confined to this territory, but will be general.

BOB BURDETTE MARRIED.

He Will Fill the Pulpit of a Presbyterian Church.

By Associated Press to The Independent.]

LOS ANGELES, March 25.—Robert J. Burdette, the humorist and Mrs. Clara Blaker were married today at Pasadena. They will make their future home in Pasadena, where the humorist will fill the pulpit of the First Presbyterian church.

HARD ON GERMANS

Severely Criticised for Fighting Under the Stars and Stripes.

CAN HIRE RENEGADES.

But Little Progress is Made in Arranging a Commercial Treaty—Samoan Negotiations are Now Conducted at Washington.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

BERLIN, March 25.—United States Ambassador White says that negotiations between Germany and the United States regarding the Samoan trouble have ceased for the present, so far as Berlin is concerned, and are now being conducted at Washington exclusively. The latter city is nearer the scene of action, and there will be less delay in receiving information. Negotiations in connection with the commercial treaty are also confined to the American capital, where the joint association of special reciprocity commissioners and Baron Von Holleben, the German ambassador, have the matter in hand. So far as is known there have been no recent developments of interest in the negotiations. In answer to the question as to whether Robert P. Porter's presence and doings have had any appreciable effect on the relations between Germany and the United States, Ambassador White said that so far as he was able to judge no good had been accomplished by his presence.

The reichstag will adjourn April 11. Since it convened it has transacted a great deal of business, having held sixty-one plenary and eleven special sessions.

German newspapers, in discussing the commercial relations between Germany and the United States, complain that while here everything possible is being done to bring about an improvement in affairs, Germany being willing to sacrifice something to that end, no desire for reciprocity has been shown by the United States, where, it is asserted, even the calm and moderate newspapers do not recommend any steps in that direction. It is believed that these articles have been inspired by the government for a purpose. The Cologne Volks Zeitung says that the Americans will be greatly mistaken if they imagine that all the yielding, in the efforts to arrange a treaty, will be done by Germany.

The Alle Deutsche Blaetter deplores the fact so many Germans fought under the Yankee flag in the late Spanish-American war, and says that America's young colonial empire will be paid for with German blood, just as the French conquered in Tonquin, Madagascar and Dahomey. The paper adds: "If the Yankees, with their coarse bragging, threaten to lick us, it is because they know their own sons are safe in any case. With their dollars they would find enough German asses and renegades to fight their own motherland."

INSURE THEIR OWN BOATS.

Cleveland Vessel Owners Form an Insurance Company.

By Associated Press to The Independent.]

CLEVELAND, March 25.—At a well attended meeting of vessel owners today it was decided to carry out their long threatened project of establishing a mutual marine insurance company. During the fall and winter a number of meetings were held, the cause being what the owners considered unjust treatment from the insurance companies regarding rates. The new company will include all Cleveland vessel owners, many of whom subscribed heavily for stock today. At the beginning they will take only about ten per cent. on their own boats, but expect eventually to handle all of it. A meeting will be held Monday or Tuesday to fix the capital stock and draw up articles of incorporation.

FINED FOR CONTEMPT.

A Cincinnati Firm Pays Fines Aggregating $2,250.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

CINCINNATI, March 25.—Judge Taft, of the United States court, fined two members of the firm of Meholovitch & Company $1,000 each, and third member $250, adding costs, for contempt of court in disobeying an injunction forbidding them to counterfeit the Kuemmel brands of Gilka & Company, of Germany, and the labels and brands of brandies and other liquors of James Hennessey & Company, of France. The injunction was granted by Judge Taft seven years ago, and he was severe in his reproof of the defendants.

IN WOOD COUNTY.

Militia Called Out to Capture and Protect Murderers.

Two Brothers Kill a Lawyer and are Pursued to Their Home by Enraged Citizens Who Threaten to Hang Them.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

COLUMBUS, March 25.—Governor Bushnell was apprised of the riot at Hoyt's Corners tonight, by the following dispatch from E. S. Bryant, lieutenant colonel of the Second Ohio regiment, who resides at Bloomdale:

"Just got telegram from the sheriff of Wood county to report at Hoyt's Corners at once with as many men and all the ammunition possible. Will leave here about 11:30 a. m. The Zeltner brothers shot and killed Lawyer Westinhaver and have barricaded themselves in their house, three miles from Hoyt's Corners, which is now surrounded by hundreds of citizens, of whom two or three have since been shot."

The Governor placed himself in communication with Colonel Bryant, and orders were sent to Colonel Kuert, of the Second regiment, at Kenton, to be in readiness to proceed to Hoyt's Corners. Orders were also sent to Captain D. H. James, of Toledo, to hold the Toledo state volunteers in readiness. Up to a late hour tonight the Governor had not been asked to order out any troops, except the company in Bloomdale, but is ready to respond to the first call. Hoyt's Corners is a small town ten miles from the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, in the western part of Wood county, near the southern boundary line.

A special to the State Journal from Hoyt's Corners says: After the killing of Lawyer Westinhaver, the Zeltners fled to their home, pursued by several hundred men. The Zeltners stood boldly in their yard all forenoon and defied arrest. There was a frequent exchange of shots between the fugitives and the crowd, at long range. A man named Wittemeyer, who crossed the open space, was shot through the heart and instantly killed. Sheriff Kingsbury and a posse of deputies were soon on the scene, but a fusillade of shots by the Zeltners prevented any effort being made to capture them. Deputy Sheriff Roach, who took refuge behind a tree in the woods, was made a special target, three bullets grazing the tree behind which he stood. Later in the day the Zeltners retired within the house and barricaded it. Hundreds of shots were fired into the house, but without effect. The sheriff then decided to call for the Bloomdale rifles, and meantime a guard was stationed around the house. Mrs. Zeltner and her children took refuge in the cellar. Tonight a neighbor of Zeltners' went into the house under a flag of truce, and tried to induce them to surrender, but they declined to do so before morning, fearing the mob. Every effort will be made to prevent a lynching, but this will be difficult, in view of the temper of the people who are incensed, not only by the killing of Westinhaevr, but by the death of Wittemyer, a respected citizen. The sheriff will appeal to the governor for sufficient troops to protect the Zeltners when they are taken into custody. The Zeltners are prepared for trouble, as they sold their farm and bought a large quantity of ammunition only yestrday.

A dispatch has been received by the governor from Colonel Bryant, of Bloomdale, saying that thirty members of the company had been collected and armed with Winchesters, and were just leaving for Hoyt's Corners. No additional advices had been received from the scene of trouble. A special train was made up here and rifles and ammunition sent to Hoyt's Corners for the militia, who have been without arms since being mustered out of the United States service. It is not known here where the Winchesters in possession of the company at Bloomdale were secured.

Bloomdale troops arrived at Hoyt's Corners last night and surrounded the Zeltner house. At 1:30 the militray opened fire on the house, and there has been continual firing on both sides. It is not known whether anyone has been killed. The troops when they arrived found that the mob of citizens had pickets out. The captain called on the mob to help the militia, and received in reply a volley from revolvers. The troops and mob at 2 o'clock had not arrived at an understanding. The mob wants to lynch the Zeltners, and the militia want to capture them and at the same time prevent a lynching.

Knoxville—Body of Jack Melton, found on river bank, with evidences of foul play, and three men are in jail charged with his murder.

Lexington, Ky.—Captain Charles Clay, wounded at Manila yesterday, is a grandson of Henry Clay. He was in the Santiago campaign with Lawton.

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THE INDEPENDENT.

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WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1868.
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THE EVENING INDEPENDENT is on sale at Bahney's Book Store, Bamberlin's Cigar Stand (Hotel Conrad), and Bert Hankin's News stand in North Mill street

MONDAY, MARCH 27, 1899.

A dispatch has been received by the Veterans' Association at Santiago saying that the Cuban assembly was the only body that had authority to deal with the army, and asking it to reappoint General Gomez to his old position as commander in chief. This request should be acceded to immediately. When the assembly has appointed the Cuban general to the command from which it never had power to remove him, its members may more effectually deceive themselves regarding the dignity and authority of their position.

Strong men make up the Republican council list. While it is regretted that E. L. Hering found it necessary to withdraw his name as a candidate from the second ward, Richard Edwards's acceptance of the vacancy has caused general satisfaction. S. F. Wefler has both the energy and capacity to further the interests of the first ward citizens: R. M. Reay will be a credit to the third ward voters, and John Spuhler will be more than a figurehead in the Democratic stronghold, which he has been chosen to represent.

Notwithstanding the fact that General Otis has refused to sanction negotiations between the Spaniards and Filippinos for the release of prisoners held by the latter, basing his refusal on the ground that the money paid would be used to aid the insurgents against the Americans, a recent dispatch from Madrid states that the Spanish government has offered Aguinaldo 5,000 pesetas for the release of each Spanish officer held by him, 500 pesetas for each soldier and 2,500 pesetas for each civilian. This dispatch, immediately following the one containing Premier Silvela's assurance of friendship for the United States, is an evidence that Spanish dignity and honor are yet in the ascendant.

President McKinley's letter to Admiral Sampson shows that the former thoroughly agrees with Admiral Schley that to Sampson "the honor is due" for the destruction of Cervera's fleet. Although the President paid a tribute to Sampson in nominating him for advancement eight numbers, greater than that conferred on any other officer of high rank, he has not until now placed on record his opinion of Sampson as an officer and a man. While the President's opinion will be heartily seconded by the majority of those who have given the matter any degree of consideration, there can be no diminution in the popular estimation of Admiral Schley, whose bravery is unquestioned and whose bearing throughout the controversey, brought about entirely through the attitude of his friends, has been in every way that of an officer and a gentleman.

Trade reports from all over the country continue to tell of remarkable business activity, with prices strong and steady, collections good and increasing in all lines of trade. A correspondent in a trade paper describes the situation as a "buyers' panic" and the American Economist says in comment: "That is the kind of a panic that a protective tariff always brings about. In 1893, under the free-trade administration of Mr. Cleveland, with its tariff reform Wilson-Gorman law we had another kind of a panic, the kind that has always followed upon every experiment made with free-trade or any approach to it by this country; a panic when banks failed, factories closed, business men went to the wall and idle workmen walked the streets. It is safe to say that the people of the country prefer the "buyers' panic" of 1899 under protection to the sort of panic we had in 1893 under partial free-trade.

The arguments advanced by THE INDEPENDENT's correspondent in opposition to the proposed curfew ordinance appear to be based mainly upon two propositions—first that the children whose home influences are good do not need a public law to keep them off the streets, and second that the children who play about the alleys, parks and public streets at night are better off than they would be in homes where the moral atmosphere is bad. Both these arguments are unsound. It is a well known fact that hundreds of Massillon children, whose home influences are of the best, are allowed to roam the streets long after they should be in bed; while the youngsters who are less fortunately situated would in most cases be asleep if they were at home after 9 o'clock in the summer and 8 o'clock in the winter, and would, therefore, be unaffected by their surroundings. The idea advanced that any plan seeking to better the condition of children should begin with an effort to improve the conditions of their homes, is a good one, but in the meantime the existence and enforcement of a law which would give the young idea more chances to profit by the developing effects of sleep cannot fail to prove beneficial.

News of the probable recovery of ex-Secretary Sherman has been thankfully received The outcome of a fight against pneumonia is always uncertain even when the patient has youth on his side: but at the age of seventy-six the chances for recovery are reduced to a minimum, and the fact that Mr. Sherman's condition is improving shows the wonderful vigor of Ohio's venerable statesman.

The dangers arising from American competition in the far east has been discussed at length in a Vienna paper, which remarks upon the rarity of American vessels in Turkish harbors during recent years to 1897, and sees in the new line of steamers between Constantinople and New York a promise of a growth of intercourse. The paper warns Austria-Hungary and other industrial countries of the danger with which American exports threaten them, and concludes: "When the Americans once secure a hold of the markets in the Levant, their vast resources and business capacity and the energy and vigilance of their consuls will give them the lead in many classes of goods."

A good deal of time has been wasted during the past six months in explaining and defending the conduct of various officers who took part in the recent war, and so far no decision has been arrived at which has satisfactorily determined the standing of those concerned. In the meantime, a fact which remains undisputed is that a splendid victory was won under most adverse circumstances by an army and navy so magnificently trained that had the officers fallen in the several battles, the men alone might have won the day. Such being the case, while it is hard that every officer, soldier and sailor who took part in the war, should not have his individual share of credit, it seems more than a pity that the present discussions should be prolonged, especially as no one seems to run any chance of being benefited thereby.

BRUTALLY ASSAULTED.

Mrs. Philip Mickens in a Serious Condition.

ATTACKED NEAR THE CITY PARK.

Her Assailant Struck Her Repeatedly in the Face and Breast and Left Her Lying Unconscious and Bleeding in a Stairway —Matter not Reported to the Police.

Mrs. Philip A. Mickens, a colored woman residing at 50 East Charles street, was assaulted by a man near the city park early Wednesday evening. Her assailant struck her with his fist on the face and breast, knocking her down several times. Her screams for help were not answered, and the man easily got away, leaving Mrs. Mickens lying in a hallway bleeding from numerous wounds and almost unconscious

"I don't know how I got home," she told her husband, who found her resting on a bed when he arrived at his residence at 10 o'clock. Mr. Mickens is employed as the driver of an express wagon, and it is usually necessary for him to be out late. "I don't know who it was who assaulted me," continued Mrs. Mickens, "but he was perfect brute. He did not pay any attention to me when I prayed to be let go. After that last blow in the face I don't what happened. The next thing I knew I was at home."

Mrs. Mickens is in a serious condition today. Her face is covered with cuts and bruises. She was unable to walk this morning. For some reason, the matter was not reported to the police.

NOTICED THIS BEFORE.

You Probably Have, and May Have Spoken About It.

The reader of this newspaper, if he takes the time and trouble to look carefully through its columns, will probably find half a dozen statements tacked onto the foot of reading notices about medicinal preparations. Note this fact. In each and every case, as far as Massillon is concerned; as far as the reader's knowledge of the party is concerned, he might just as well live in the moon. Make another note of this. The only remedy on the market which gives testimony at home, local proof in every town and city in the Union, to back up its claims, is Doan's Kidney Pills. They all try it, but they cannot do it. Why they are unable to do it can safely be left with the reader to draw his own conclusions Here is Massillon proof for Massillon readers: Mrs Thomas Leahy, mother of Mrs. Thos. Hagan, No 328 Erie street, with whom she makes her home, says: "I am now 72 years of age and have lived in the city the greater part of my life. I had lagrippe some years ago and it affected my kidneys, causing backache a good part of the time, pains in the sides over the hips and up to the shoulders, particularly when I stooped over It was more severe in changeable weather or when I took a slight cold, and it got so bad that when the doctors found they could not relieve me they said, 'Oh, you are too old, we can't help you.' My daughter got a box of Doan's Kidney Pills at Baltzly's drug store, thinking they would do me some good They did, and that in a very short time. I have found them so beneficial that I can recommend them with great pleasure If Doan's Kidney Pills will help a person of my age I am quite sure they will help anyone."

For sale by all dealers, price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. sole agents for the United States

Remember the name DOAN'S and take no substitute.

DEATH COMES SUDDENLY

Frank Hauenstein Seized With a Fatal Headache.

FUNERAL SATURDAY AFTERNOON.

Went Home from Work at Noon and Suffered Intensely Until Seven O'clock, When He Became Unconscious—Death of Mrs. J. B Porter, of Canal Fulton.

Frank Hauenstein, aged 18 years, youngest son of Mrs. Catherine Hauenstein, of 592 North Mill street, at noon, Wednesday, returned home from work with a headache that grew more and more severe as the afternoon advanced. At 7 o'clock he became unconscious, and at 9:30 o'clock in the evening he died. Dr. Smith said that the bursting of a blood vessel in his brain was the cause of death.

The deceased was employed in the bolt-making department of Russell & Co.'s works. He had always been strong and healthy, never until yesterday having had any illness. The funeral services will be held at the residence at 1 o'clock and at the Presbyterian church at 1:30 o'clock, Saturday, the Rev. J. F. Clokey officiating.

MRS. JOHN B. PORTER.

CANAL FULTON, March 23.—Mrs. John B. Porter died at 5 o'clock Wednesday evening of pneumonia. The death of her husband occurred but a few days ago. Mrs. Porter was so ill at the time that she was unable to attend the funeral. She was 70 years old. Funeral services will be held at the residence at 10 o'clock and at the Presbyterian church at 11 o'clock, tomorrow. The Rev. Mr. Elliott will officiate.

NEWS FROM NEARBY TOWNS.

PINN NEWS.

PINN, March 25.—Mrs. John Steele is much worse again. Her son, the Rev. James Steele, of Tiffin, came to her bedside on Monday, bringing his family with him.

Peter Hoffman, who was injured in the Pocock mine by a fall of coal, while bearing under, will be unable to work for several weeks to come.

Henry Shoulder was in this section yesterday to buy cattle.

The winter term of school closed Friday. The spring term begins next week. Mr. Ralston will succeed Mr. Walters as teacher.

Some of our young people, who attended the Pigeon Run literary, report it not up to the standard. The crowd was so large that it was uncontrollable.

George R. Snavely spent Friday in the Chapel district on business. He also visited the Pigeon Run school, which closed on that day.

Miss Ivy Sowers and Frank Guise are visiting with friends near Cleveland.

CANAL FULTON, March 23.—Twenty-five friends of Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Buckmaster, who soon will move to Akron, called at their home very unexpectedly Wednesday evening. They came to offer their farewells and to present them with a handsome rocker.

THE ZOAR SOCIETY.

The Work of Settling the Affairs of the Community in Progress.

The community known as the Zoarites had a representative in this city yesterday in the person of W. F. King, of Zoar. The people composing this community are on the eve of dissolving and each individual representative is now hustling for his pro rata equity in the general land and savings fund. Mr. King was looking up papers, deeds, and charts pertaining to and belonging to the society, but refused to talk or give any particulars in reference to the existing status of affairs. Those who are leaving the community and who are now trying to secure a share of the property base their claims on the plea that the place was always to be run as a community, and that as soon as it dissolves or disestablishes itself the property reverts to the original owners or their heirs. This law applies as well to minors who have attained their majority since the order for disestablishment was passed, it is claimed. To those young persons who have worked all their lives on the farms with the hope of eventually becoming members of the settlement association, it is considered nothing more than right that they should be a considered feature in the deal. The exact legal method by which the above will be brought to pass Mr. King refused to disclose.—Cleveland Leader.

THE EIGHTH'S DEAD.

All the Graves but Two Located Without Trouble.

Major Weybrecht, of Alliance, has just received the following letter from Dr. Carling, who is stationed at Santiago, regarding the removal of the dead of the Eighth Ohio:

"Captain Diebler and Lieutenant R Robinson arrived here safely and immediately went to work to arrange about disinterring the bodies of the men of your regiment, who died in Cuba. I paid a visit to both camps in company with Capt. Diebler and all the graves on the opposite hill were located. We also locate the grave on San Juan Hill as well as the other two in Santiago. At Siboney Capt. Diebler found the graves of all but two men, and they will certainly be found on the next visit. As your representatives experienced some little difficulty in making arrangements for an early departure for home, I called upon Gen. Wood, Col. Howard and Major Knight and induced them to give the Eighth Ohio men first place if possible. I am quite sure everything will now be attended to promptly, and Capt. Diebler and Lieut. Robinson can soon leave for home after having completed their arduous task."

CANTON AND COURT HOUSE.

Divorce Case of Former Residents of Massillon.

CANTON, March 23.—Catharine Fashbaugh, by her attorneys, Baldwin & Young, of Massillon, has filed a petition in common pleas court for divorce, with alimony, from John Fashbaugh. They were married in Massillon in 1884, and have three children. The petition charges the defendant with habitual drunkenness and non-support, asks for the custody of the children, and that the court restrain him from disposing of his property and the H. B. Camp Company from paying him his earnings. The plaintiff also charges the defendant with entering into an agreement with her mother whereby he received $500 in cash, in return for which he was to furnish plaintiff's mother with half her support and pay her $15 a year, all of which, it is alleged, defendant has failed to do.

Homer V. Briggle, guardian of Martha J. Winning, has filed a petition in common pleas court against Louis H. Bloomfield and others, to collect $620 43 and interest, alleged to be due his ward.

In the estate of Clara Shilling, of Massillon, private sale of real estate has been ordered

First partial account in the estate of Charles Landis, of Canton, has been filed.

The Indemnity Savings and Loan Company, of Cleveland, has filed a petition in court against Joseph and Anne Ertle to collect $758.10, alleged to be due on a mortgage deed. Petition also asks that Aaron, Wilson, Samuel and Lee Graber be compelled to show priority of lien on property involved.

The following candidates for office in Massillon have filed their accounts of expenses incurred at the primary elections: C. A. Kouth, Democrat, candidate for council in second ward, nothing; Lewis H. Bamberger, Democrat, candidate for constable, $6 00; William McMillan, Republican, candidate for justice of the peace, $6.50.

Mrs. George was in court Thursday when commissioners were appointed to take depositions in South Dakota and Iowa for the trial, which will begin April 4. Owing to the inability of attorneys to agree on the commissioners, Judge Taylor appointed Judge Frank R. Aikens, of Sioux Falls, to take depositions at Canton, S. D., and August Treger at Sioux City and Inwood, Ia. Judge Aiken has telegraphed that he would accept, and has already qualified. The trial will begin April 4, before Judge Taylor.

The examination of the county treasury has been completed, and cash and books were found in perfect condition. Of the cash on hand, $42,154.18 is credited to the county, and $98,006.41 to Canton city. The examiners highly compliment Treasurer T. H. Smith on the excellent manner in which the affairs of his responsible office have been conducted.

CANTON AND COURT HOUSE.

Revolver Found Which was Used in the Murder of Saxton.

CANTON, March 25.—The revolver with which Mrs. George is alleged to have shot George Saxton is now in the possession of Prosecutor Pomerene, having been found under a culvert in Elgin avenue. The prosecutor refuses to make any statement concerning it, further than to admit the finding of the weapon, and to call attention to the fact that in the preliminary hearing of the case before Justice Reigner evidence was introduced tending to show that the woman who did the shooting went north through a vacant lot, and in the direction of Elgin avenue. It is finally settled that Attorney J. J. Grant will be appointed to assist in the prosecution of the case.

In the damage case of Emanuel Bowe against the Diebold Safe and Lock Company, in which plaintiff brought suit for $15,000 for damages sustained while in the employ of defendant, claiming carelessness and negligence on the part of the company, the jury rendered a verdict in favor of plaintiff for $2,500.

A petition has been filed in common pleas court by Lewis Hinderer, of Massillon, through his attorneys, Baldwin & Young, to collect a note of $179.04 from C. F. and Alice VonKanel and others. The note is secured by mortgage upon real estate.

In the estate of George Young, of Massillon, the widow has elected to take under the will.

Inventory and appraisment has been ordered in the estate of Henry Wilhelm, of Massillon.

The will of B. J. Eberwein, of Massillon, has been filed for probate.

John C. Diehl, of Alliance, teller of the Alliance Savings Bank and secretary of the Alliance Pant Company and the Alliance Building and Loan Company, made an assignment yesterday to D. E. Rogers. Assets are placed at $7,000, liabilities not given. It is charged that Diehl has forged stock of the Building and Loan Company to the amount of $,5000.

Recommended for La Grippe.

N. Jackson, Danville, Ill., writes: "My daughter had a severe attack of la grippe seven years ago, and since then whenever she takes cold a terrible cough settles on her lungs. We tried a great many remedies without giving relief. She tried Foley's Honey and Tar, which cured her She has never been troubled with a cough since." 25c. Rider & Snyder.

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup seems especially adapted to the needs of the children. Pleasant to take; soothing in its influence. It is the remedy of all remedies for every form of throat and lung disease.

The Best Salve in the World

Is Banner Salve. It is made from a prescription by a world wide known skin specialist and is positively the most healing salve for piles, burns, scalds, ulcers, running sores and all skin diseases. Rider & Snyder.

Now is the time to subscribe.

S. WHITING'S PLAN.

He Wants to Give Massillon Young Men Free Musical Education.

THEN ORGANIZE A BAND.

This Band He Will Take to the Toledo Exposition and to the Most Popular Parks of the Country—Says Nobody Pays Him.

Stanley Whiting, of New York, temporarily of Canton, came to Massillon, Saturday afternoon, to unfold a plan which he says is going to make him big money. Massillonians cannot understand how the money is to be made, but of course, that is no affair of theirs.

"I want," said Mr. Whiting, "to lay my hands on one hundred young men. I will give each on these young men an instrument and a musical education. My corps of instructors idcludes some of the most prominent musicians of the day, among them G. J. Couchois, general director; S. Contriscian, cornet virtuoso; Signor Crispini, teacher of the slide trombone; Emil Wosbeck, tuba; Frank Martin, cornet; Signor Peluso, euphonium. All this will not cost the pupils a cent. They will be given two hours' instruction every night. Then, when they are competent, I will take them on the road. I have contracts for furnishing music at several of the popular resorts of the country and at the Toledo exposition.

"I have a carload of instrumedts which I will bring here as soon as I have completed arrangements. These instruments I do not intend to sell to the pupils, but they are to have the free use of them while associated with me. I do not want trained musicians; my instructions can very shortly make musicians out of those I shall select. I shall also see that none of these young men lose their position while absent from the city with me. All will be well compensated."

Mr. Whiting went back to Canton Saturday evening, but will return on Monday and proceed to get his one hundred young men together.

EVERYTHING SETTLED.

Miners and Operators Hold a Joint Meeting.

THE DEAD WORK SCALE ADOPTED.

Quickly and Amicably Employers and Employes Come to an Agreement as to the Prices to Prevail During the Coming Year —Scale of 1898 Except Breakthroughs.

Representatives of Massillon miners and operators held a joint meeting in the office of the Warwick Coal Company Friday afternoon, at which all matters pertaining to the scale for the district were adjusted. President William Morgan, Vice President M. B. Evans, Secretary R. T. Jones, William Fairless and P. F. Dickerhoof, of the Massillon district branch of the organization, represented the miners. The operators present were J. P. Burton, the Hon. Anthony Howells, R. H. Wainwright and E. E. Fox, of this city; Mr. Goiter, of E. G. Krause & Company, Cleveland; W. J. Mullins, Wooster, and J. M. Drake, Cleveland. Mr. Burton was the chairman of the meeting, and Mr. Jones the secretary.

The scale of prices for inside dead work for last year was adopted for this year with the following amendments:

The limit of length of break-throughs between rooms shall be thirteen and one-half feet; all in excess of this limit shall be paid for at the entry price.

The limit of length of break-throughs between entries shall be nine yards, and when in excess of that limit shall be paid for at entry price.

Pillars between entries and rooms shall be considered and paid for as entry pillar break-throughs.

Five cents per ton in addition to the regular price shall be paid for room work or for pillars when night work is required,

The car limit clause of the scale shall be removed.

The most important items of the scale are: Mining, per ton, 66 cents; entry, single shift, $1.75; entry, double shift, $2; turning rooms, $1 65; all inside day labor by miners, $1.75

ATTEMPTED POISONING.

News has been sent out from Canal Dover of an attempted wholesale poisoning in a suburb known as "Italyville," the population of which is largely made up of employes of the Dover furnace. On Thursday when some of the residents went to the well from which they get their water supply a green powder was found scattered about the well. Suspicion was aroused and investigation proved that some fiend had poured a large quantity of Paris green into the well. The quantity was enough to have killed half of the town, and but for the portion spilled about the well a terrible calamity would have followed. There is no clew. There has been some little friction among several families and some believe this prompted the attempt at poisoning.

Every woman should know that there is a great home medical book that tells all about the reproductive physiology of women, and all about the home-treatment of diseases peculiar to the sex. This book contains 1008 pages and over 700 illustrations. It is called Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. It used to cost $1.50. Over seven hundred thousand people purchased it at that price and over 1,200,000 people now own copies of it. For a limited time copies will be given away free.

This great book contains the names, addresses, photographs and experiences of hundreds of women who were once hopeless invalids, but who have been restored to robust womanly health by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. This marvelous medicine acts directly on the delicate organs distinctly feminine. It makes them strong, healthy, vigorous, virile and elastic. It fits for wifehood and motherhood. It banishes the usual suffering of the expectant months, and makes baby's advent easy and almost painless. It robs motherhood of its perils. It insures the robust health of the little new-comer and a bountiful supply of nature's nourishment. It transforms weak, sickly, nervous invalids into healthy, happy wives and mothers. For a paper-covered copy of Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, send 21 one-cent stamps, *to cover cost of mailing only*, to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y. For elegant French cloth binding, 31 stamps.

Miss Edith Cain, of Clinton, Allegheny Co., Pa., writes: "After two years of suffering, I began taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and am now entirely cured. I had been troubled with female weakness for some time and also with a troublesome drain on the system, but now I am happy and well."

In cases of constipation and torpid liver, no remedy is equal to Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They regulate and invigorate the stomach, liver and bowels. They never fail. One little "Pellet" is a gentle laxative and two a mild cathartic. They never gripe. An honest dealer will not urge a substitute upon you.

WINE OF CARDUI

FOR ALL WOMEN

NINE-TENTHS of all the pain and sickness from which women suffer is caused by weakness or derangement in the organs of menstruation. Nearly always when a woman is not well these organs are affected. But when they are strong and healthy a woman is very seldom sick.

McELREE'S Wine of Cardui

Is nature's provision for the regulation of the menstrual function. It cures all "female troubles." It is equally effective for the girl in her teens, the young wife with domestic and maternal cares, and the woman approaching the period known as the "Change of Life." They all need it. They are all benefitted by it.

For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, the "Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

THOS. J. COOPER, Tupelo, Miss., says: 'My sister suffered from very irregular and painful menstruation and doctors could not relieve her. Wine of Cardui entirely cured her and also helped my mother through the Change of Life."

WINE OF CARDUI

K&K K&K K&K K&

DRS. K. & K.

The Leading Specialists of America
20 YEARS IN OHIO.
250,000 CURED.

WE CURE EMISSIONS

Nothing can be more demoralizing to young or middle-aged men than the presence of these "nightly losses." They produce weakness, nervousness, a feeling of disgust and a whole train of symptoms. They unfit a man for business, married life and social happiness. No matter whether caused by evil habits in youth, natural weakness or sexual excesses, our New Method Treatment will positively cure you.

NO CURE—NO PAY

Reader, you need help. Early abuse or later excesses may have weakened you. Exposure may have diseased you. You are not safe till cured. Our New Method will cure you. You run no risk.

250,000 CURED

Young Man—You are pale, feeble and haggard; nervous, irritable and excitable. You become forgetful, morose, and despondent; blotches and pimples, sunken eyes, wrinkled face, stooping form and downcast countenance reveal the blight of your existence.

WE CURE VARICOCELE

No matter how serious your case may be, or how long you may have had it, our NEW METHOD TREATMENT will cure it. The "wormy veins" return to their normal condition and hence the sexual organs receive proper nourishment. The organs become vitalized, all unnatural drains or losses cease and manly powers return. No temporary benefit, but a permanent cure assured. NO CURE, NO PAY. NO OPERATION NECESSARY. NO DETENTION FROM BUSINESS.

CURES GUARANTEED

We treat and cure SYPHILIS, GLEET, EMISSIONS, IMPOTENCY, STRICTURE, VARICOCELE, SEMINAL LOSSES, BLADDER AND KIDNEY diseases. CONSULTATION FREE. BOOKS FREE. CHARGES MODERATE. If unable to call, write for a QUESTION BLANK for HOME TREATMENT.

DRS.
KENNEDY & KERGAN
247 SUPERIOR STREET,
CLEVELAND, O.

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THE INDEPENDENT Co. will print you anything you need in the line of job work.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

JOSEPH MEDILL.

Autobiographical Sketch Written for The Independent.

INDUSTRY AND ABILITY.

Mr. Medill Labored Under Many Disadvantages, and Obtained his Education by the Exercise of Self Denial and Application.

A number of years ago, F. L. Baldwin, of this city, while in Chicago handed the late Joseph Medill a copy of THE INDEPENDENT containing a sketch of the life of the famous editor of the Chicago Tribune. Subsequently Mr. Medill wrote the letter which is given below, and which will be found self-explanatory. At the time the letter was received a copy was made and given to R. P. Skinner, then editor of THE INDEPENDENT. When Mr. Medill's death was announced an unsuccessful attempt was made to find this copy, the existence of which was known. Mr. Baldwin was then not in the city. Immediately upon his return he furnished THE INDEPENDENT with the original:

EDITORIAL ROOMS,
THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE,
CHICAGO, July 23, 1888.

Mr. Baldwin.

DEAR SIR—I mail you a copy of the Tribune to which I referred. I found in THE MASSILLON INDEPENDENT which you handed me a personal sketch. I was surprised to find it, as I was not aware that anyone in Massillon except yourself knew that I was at Springhill. There were one or two errors in the notice which I wish to correct for your information. My law reading was not under Mr. Folger, of Massillon, except for a short time. I taught school one winter in Bethlehem and Mr. Folger let me have Walker's "Introduction to American Law," which I read that winter after school hours. I had not at that time fully determined to take a course of law reading, but thought Walker would be a useful educational exercise, as it proved to be. After I finished Walker, I concluded to go on farther, and I became a law student of Griswold & Grant, of Canton, as that place was five miles nearer to my father's farm than Massillon and, therefore, there would be less time lost in going there every fortnight for examination than to Massillon; besides, I wanted to attend the terms of court to become acquainted with the routine. I kept this up over two years, but only was certified for half the time, as I had to work on the farm so steadily that I could find time to read but little for whole months in the summer. Finally, concluding to locate in New Philadelphia, I spent the last eight or nine months in Belden's office there and was admitted to the bar in November, 1847. I lived and practiced there in partnership with George W. McIlvaine (afterwards judge) until November, 1849. Then I went to Coshocton, where I bought the Whig, changed its name to the Republican, and published it two years, selling it in 1851. From there I went to Cleveland to establish the Morning Forest City, which, a year or two later, I consolidated with the Free Democrat, the free soil organ, under the name of the Leader, which I, in part, edited and owned till January, 1855, when, learning of a chance to purchase a third part of the Chicago Tribune, I sold out my share in the Leader to Mr. Cowles, the present proprietor, and moved to Chicago, where I have been ever since.

In 1842 or '43 I attended the Massillon Academy school four or five months. Arvine Wales also attended, and one or both of Skinner's sons, one or both of Watson's sons and, I think, his daughter, a nephew of Robert Folger, James, and fifty or sixty other boys. I taught school one or two winters in Navarre and attended the Massillon Lyceum, taking an active part. That was the time THE INDEPENDENT refers to—perhaps in 1845-6.

My father left St. John, New Brunswick, near where I was born, for St. Louis, in the spring of 1832—fifty-six years ago, but the cholera raged so fatally along the Ohio canal and at St. Louis at the time that he debarked from the canal packet boat at Massillon, intending to remain there until the plague had abated and then go on to St. Louis. But he took a fancy for Massillon, which was a very lively place, populated by energetic and pleasant people, and remained there until 1838—six years, when he bought a farm in Pike township, and removed his family, selling out his Massillon property to pay for it; and I toiled at agriculture till 1846 studying at home all I could and hunting up some teacher at Canton to recite to or help me out of hard places in mathematics, Latin, chemistry, natural philosophy, law, etc. It was hard work, and what education I obtained came by self denial and application. For lack of the opportunity of acquiring a regular education, I have labored since under many disadvantages that have more or less crippled me, but I am fairly well satisfied with the final outcome, to date.

I have never written a similar sketch for anybody. File it away, and when I drop out let that enterprising young Skinner have it as data from which to make his biographical sketch of his father's schoolmate and old Massillon friend. J. MEDILL.

POWELL PROPERTY SOLD

Joseph Schneider and Frederick Hess Buy Most of It.

The sale of the real estate of the late Richard Powell was conducted Saturday morning, Administrator L. A. Koons, sr., being in charge. Turenne Getz was the auctioneer, and L. A. Koons, jr., the clerk. The Main street property, the first building east of the canal on the south side, which was owned jointly by Mr. Powell and the heirs of the late Abel James, was sold as a whole to Frederick Hess for $6,000.

Joseph Schneider bought the Major saloon building, in Exchange street, for $1,750.

Mrs. Martha Powell, widow of Richard Powell, purchased the two vacant West Cherry street lots for $1,500

The Akron street house and lot went to Mrs. Wilhelmina Koontz for $550.

The four West Tremont street lots were not sold, there being no bidders

If you have a cough, throat irritation, weak lungs, pain in the chest, difficult breathing, croup or hoarseness, let us suggest One Minute Cough Cure. Always reliable and safe. Rider & Snyder.

The Massillon Market.

The following prices are paid by Massillon merchants today:

GRAIN, HAY, STRAW AND WOOL.	
Wheat	70
Hay, per ton	4 00 to 5 00
Straw, per ton	4 50
Corn	35–37
Oats	25–27
Clover Seed	3 00
Timothy Seed	1 00 to 1 15
Rye, per bu	$ 40
Barley	40
Flax seed	1 25
Wool	15 to 18
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.	
Potatoes, per bushel	50
Onions, per bushel	65
Beets, per bushel	60
Apples	1 00
Cabbage, per dozen	50
Dried peaches, peeled	08 to 10
Dried peaches, unpeeled	04 to 05
Evaporated apples	08 to 10
Onions	65
White beans	1 25
BUTTER, EGGS AND POULTRY.	
Butter	18
Eggs	10
Chickens, live	07
Chickens, dressed	10
Turkeys, live	08
Turkeys, dressed	14
MEATS AND CHEESE.	
Sausage	06
Spare Ribs	06
Backbone	06
Ham	09
Shoulder	05
Lard	05½
Sides	06 to 07
Cheese	11
The following are retail prices:	
Bran, per 100 lbs	85
Middlings per 100 lbs	90

"Give me a liver regulator and I can regulate the world," said a genius The druggist handed him a bottle of DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous little pills. Rider & Snyder.

For a quick remedy and one that is perfectly safe for children let us recommend One Minute Cough Cure. It is excellent for croup, hoarseness, tickling in the throat and coughs. Rider & Snyder.

Burdock Blood Bitters gives a man a clear head, an active brain, a strong, vigorous body—makes him fit for the battle of life.

J. Sheer, Sedalia, Mo., conductor on electric street car line, writes that his little daughter was very low with croup; and her life saved after all physicians had failed, only by using One Minute Cough Cure. Rider & Snyder.

Before the discovery of One Minute Cough Cure, ministers were greatly disturbed by coughing congregations. No excuse for it now. Rider & Snyder.

Frost Bites and Chilblains

Quickly cured by Banner Salve, the most healing remedy in the world. Rider & Snyder.

For frost bites, burns, indolent sores, eczema, skin disease and especially piles, DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve stands first and best. Look out for dishonest people who try to imitate and counterfeit it. It's their endorsement of a good article. Worthless goods are not imitated. Get DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Rider & Snyder.

Recommended for La Grippe.

N. Jackson, Danville, Ill., writes: My daughter had a severe attack of lagrippe seven years ago and since then whenever she takes cold a terrible cough settles on her lungs. We tried a great many remedies without giving relief. She tried Foley's Honey and Tar which cured her. She has never had trouble with a cough since. 25c. and 50c.—Rider & Snyder.

Not one child dies where ten formerly died from croup. People have learned the value of One Minute Cough Cure and use it for severe lung and throat troubles. It immediately stops coughing. It never fails. Rider & Snyder.

What Is Shiloh?

A grand old remedy for Coughs, Colds and Consumption; used through the world for half a century, has cured innumerable cases of incipient consumption and relieved many in advanced stages. If you are not satisfied with the results we will refund your money. Price 25 cts., 50 cts. and $1.00—For sale by Rider & Snyder.

The plague of '99—La Grippe.
The destroyer of LaGrippe—Miles' Nervine.

PLAN OF BATTLE.

Major Simpson Makes a Map of Saturday's Battle.

DISPOSITION OF TROOPS.

A Large Force of Insurgents Caught Between Two Lines of Americans—Must Surrender or be Cut to Pieces.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

WASHINGTON, March 25.—Major Simpson, chief of the bureau of military information, was busy during the day taking fragmentary information of the movements here and there of battalions and brigades and so assembling them as to give on a military map the complete picture of today's operations as follows: Back of Manila, seven miles from the water front, sweeps a great semi-circle of American troops. This arc, about twenty miles long, embraces 21,000 men, cut midway by the Pasig river, which forms a natural military division The south arc is under Major General Lawton, who has just arrived in the Philippines. Until now this has been the field of activity, with Wheaton's wing column beating back the insurgents. But today Lawton's forces are idle, and the scene of activity shifted to the north of the river. Here a partial circle of American troops sweeps from the water works around to the bay. Major General McArthur is in command of all the troops north of the river, and these are roughly estimated at 14,000 men, the others being with Lawton on the south, before the battle began today.

McArthur's forces were divided into three main bodies. Far to the right, near the water works, was Hale's brigade. Far to the left, about Caloocan, were the brigades of Otis and Wheaton, the latter having been drawn from Lawton's forces on the south, in order to strengthen McArthur's command for this operation. Between the two was the brigade of Hall, held as reserve to demonstrate, but not to attack. Hale's brigade, as shown on the military map, was made up of the Third Nebraska, First South Dakota, First Wyoming, First Colorado and Battery B, of the Utah artillery. Brigadier General Otis's command, on the left, was made up of the Twentieth Kansas, First Montana, Tenth Pennsylvania, a battalion of the Twenty-third infantry, and Battery A, of the Utah artillery. These are the troops, with the additional force of Wheaton and some recent arrivals possibly not yet reported, which sustained the brunt of action today.

With this approximate disposition of the forces, Major Simpson took the official dispatch from General Otis, pointed out the probable line of action today. It began with McArthur moving rapidly northward to Novaliches, passing the insurgent forces on the left. On reaching Novaliches McArthur turned to the west, intending to make a forced march of seven miles to Pelo, given as Polo in dispatches. By this movement McArthur's forces were carried outside the insurgent base of operations. This base is at Malabon, midway between McArthur's forces at Pelo and the combined forces of Otis and Wheaton at Caloocan. Thus the rebels were flanked and between two strong bodies of American troops To the west of them is Manila bay, cutting off their retreat in that direction and to the east the forces of Hall, or Hale, as reported by Major General Otis, are demonstrating in order to prevent an insurgent movement towards the east. They are thus left between two main bodies of American troops and must engage either one or the other of them. Major General Otis's plan, as shown by his dispatch, is to have the brigades of Wheaton advance towards those of McArthur, thus gradually enclosing the rebels between two parallel lines until they are either crushed or made prisoners.

The two opposing forces appear to be about evenly matched in number, the estimated American force north of the river being about 14,000, while General Otis places the insurgents at about 12,000. Major General Otis, in supreme command, is directing the operations from the central telegraph station. The actual field movements are being executed by Major General McArthur, who is in person leading his brigade in its decisive move to flank and surround the rebel forces.

Indianapolis—Oscar Gardner and Eugene Bezenah fought two rounds, to a draw. Lively match, with honors even.

Washington—Ex-Governor Fletcher, of Missouri, died here Saturday afternoon.

New York—Rudyard Kipling's condition is improving daily.

San Francisco.—Transport Zealandia will sail Tuesday for Manila with the Ninth regiment.

Cleveland — Johnny Lavack, noted pugilist, has given notice that he has retired from the ring.

The Rush for Gold.

From the Times, Bluffs, Ill.

The rush of gold seekers to the Klondike brings thrilling memories to the "forty-niners" still alive, of the time when they girdled the continent or faced the terrors of the great American desert on the journey to the land of gold. These pioneers tell some experiences which should be heeded by gold seekers of to-day. Constant exposure and faulty diet killed large numbers, while nearly all the survivors were afflicted with disease, many of them with rheumatism. Such a sufferer was Adam Vangundy, who now resides at Bluffs, Ill., where he has been justice of the peace and was the first president of the board of trustees. In a recent interview he said:

"A Forty-niner."

"I had been a sufferer of rheumatism for a number of years and the pain at times was very intense. I tried all the proprietary medicines I could think or hear of, but received no relief.

"I finally placed my case with several physicians and doctored with them for some time, but they failed to do me any good. Finally, with my hopes of relief nearly exhausted I read an article regarding Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, which induced me to try them. I was anxious to get rid of the terrible disease and bought two boxes of the pills, I began using them about March, 1897. After I had taken two boxes I was completely cured and the pain has never returned. I think it is the best medicine I have ever taken, and am willing at any time to sign my name to any testimony setting forth its good merits."

(Signed) ADAM VANGUNDY.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 29th day of September, A. D. 1897.

FRANKLIN C. FUNK, *Notary Public.*

Mr. Vangundy's statement ought to be regarded as a criterion of the good merits of these pills, and what better proof could a person want than the above facts. These pills stand unrivalled as a tonic for the blood.

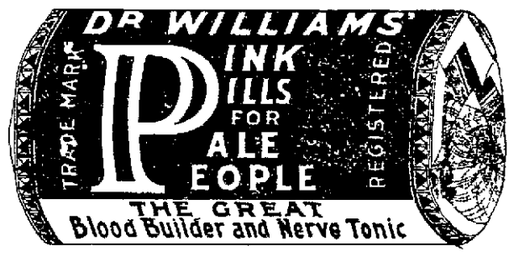
Modern Science Recognizes RHEUMATISM as a disease of the Blood.

There is a popular idea that this disease is caused by exposure to cold, and that some localities are infected with it more than others. Such conditions frequently promote the development of the disease, but from the fact that this ailment runs in certain families, it is shown to be hereditary, and consequently a disease of the blood.

External applications, therefore, may afford temporary relief, but to cure the disease it is necessary to treat it through the blood.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People go directly to the seat of the disorder, purifying and enriching the blood by eliminating poisonous elements and renewing health-giving forces.

The genuine are never sold loose by the dozen but always in packages like this.



At all druggists or sent postpaid by the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N.Y.

Price fifty cents per box.

WON'T STAND FIRE.

The Filippinos Will Fight Only When Under Cover.

FEW AMERICANS KILLED.

Parting Injunction of the Wounded as They Left for the Manila Hospital—The Insurgents Suffer a Heavy Loss.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

MANILA, March 26, 8:15 a. m.—Twenty-six dead and one hundred and fifty wounded and in the hospital, is the statement of American losses in the engagement with the Filippinos. The day's fighting furnished a specimen of the difficulties with which the Americans have to contend. The Filippinos never, except opposite Malabon, permitted their opponents to get within several hundred yards of them. They would fire a few volleys from their cover and then scatter back to another cover, repeating these tactics for miles. Many of the trenches had gullies and connecting paths through cane and brush, enabling them to retreat unseen. The problem the Americans have to face is to drive or lure the insurgents to fight in force. The trenches seem thinly manned, except in the vicinity of Malabon. The Americans, fighting a hidden foe, suffered greater loss in proportion than did the enemy. The loss of the Filippinos has been estimated from the number of bodies found scattered in the swamps and through the brush. A larger percentage of the enemy's wounded died than of the Americans and many perished from neglect, the Americans naturally attending to their own men first.

The wounded, after treatment in the field hospitals, were brought to the Manila hospital by train. Several trips were made from Caloocan to the city The first load to start for the city was composed largely of bandaged soldiers, who shouted, "Give 'em hell, boys" The gunboat Helena and two army gunboats command Malabon, but the authorities desire to avoid smashing the town, where there is much valuable property belonging to foreigners, and where are located the warehouses of most of the Manila firms.

FOR Easter Buyers

Time to Think of Your Easter Suit.

We have picked the most stylish outfits we could find, quality of cloth, linings, and workmanship, all of the best, the very best. Concerning prices—well, from $6.00 to $25 00

Separate Skirts May Interest You.

Cost of goods, cost of linings, and cost of making. Figure it out on any of these ready-to-wear skirts, and you'll wonder at the lowness of price for the finished skirt The prices from $1.00 to $15.00 offer a splendid selection. SHIRT WAISTS. Come in here, we have them. Elegant Silk Waists. All kinds of Wash Waists.

HUMBERGERS'.

Warwick Block, Massillon.

THE SMITH PREMIER TYPEWRITER.

The Mightiest Writers

Are those who do the actual work in the vast correspondence of a nation. In this work one

Smith Premier Typewriter

Is equal to scores of pens. The Pen has given place to the Modern Writer, The Smith Premier, the machine typical of progress, the acknowledged

LEADER IN IMPROVEMENTS.

Send for Catalogue.

The Smith Premier Typewriter Co.

Canton Actual Business College, Local Agts

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

Miss Jennie Williams is visiting Dalton friends.

Mrs William Knight is visiting Canal Fulton relatives.

Miss Catherine Harrington, of Salem, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. P. L. Harrington.

A Farmers telephone has been placed in the hardware store of Zintsmaster Fisher at Navarre

Miss Gertrude Kaylor, of Beach City, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Meyers, in South Erie street.

Mrs. Edward Christman, of Bentleyville, Pa., is visiting friends and relatives in and about Massillon.

Miss Margaret Folger, daughter of Captain William M. Folger, of the cruiser New Orleans, is a guest at the Folger residence in Prospect street.

The mayor's order concerning the nickel-in-the-slot machines has been generally obeyed. So far as is known, there are none in operation in Massillon today.

Miss Dessie M. Kittinger and Frank Gossman, of East Greenville, were married by the Rev. C. M. Roberts at St. Timothy's rectory on Saturday afternoon.

A. Schrock, of Canal Fulton, asks THE INDEPENDENT to say that he is still the proprietor of the Fulton pit car works. It was reported that he had sold out to A. L. Klaus.

A Massillon party, consisting of Mr. and Mrs E. R Albrecht, Mrs. Eleanor Russell, the Misses Laura and Harriet Russell, returned from Pittsburg Saturday evening.

Mr. Harvey S. Shroyer, of Sparta, O., and Miss Grace E. Bader, of Bolivar, were married at the home of the Rev. D. G. Davidson, in Navarre, on Wednesday, March 22.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Ruthrof, of Crestline, are the guests of the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Michael Switter. Mr. Ruthrof is a fireman on a Pennsylvania passenger train.

Word comes from Cleveland that Robert Deja, formerly of this city, who was recently badly scalded by the explosion of a boiler, has passed the turning point and is now recovering.

A boiler exploded at the North Massillon mine, owned by the Ridgway Burton Company, at an early hour Saturday morning, and George Hodgson, the fireman, was badly scalded.

Edgar Miller will leave Sunday evening for Columbus, from which place he will go to Chicago to assume the duties of mail weigher on the B. & O. railway, to which he was recently appointed.

Because of the destruction of the Methodist church of Barnesville by fire, the East Ohio Methodist conference will be held in the First Methodist church in Akron, the first week in September.

Mrs. Desda Binford, of Alliance, has brought suit in the Mahoning county courts against Peter Binford, her father-in-law, claiming damages in the sum of $15,000 for the alienation of her husband's affections.

Henry A. Miller has been given a regular run on the Canton-Massillon electric line, succeeding Motorman Frank Hadie, who takes a position in the Canton car-barn. Mr. Miller has been one of the extras for but a short time.

Owing to a blunder on the part of the Democratic central committeeman at Newark, the entire Democratic ticket will be thrown out at the coming election, and the Republican candidates for municipal offices will have no opposition.

The Herald say that one thousand men are now employed in the Lorain shipyard. The same paper is authority for the statement that twelve brick blocks will be erected in one street of that thriving city during the coming summer.

T. Jacob Fribley, formerly one of the proprietors of a Massillon drug store, has resigned his position with a Canal Fulton concern, and, it is said, will shortly leave for the West. Alvin Simmons, formerly with G. B. Fulton, of Massillon, has succeeded Mr. Fribley.

A Youngstown dispatch says: "The general committee arranging for the Elks' carnival and industrial exposition, to be held here the week of June 19, today sent a cablegram to Admiral Dewey, the greatest Elk in the herd, to accept the hospitality of the Elks, and tendering him the freedom of the city during the entire week."

John Paul and son have disposed of their meat market, in West Main street to John Stahl. Mr. Stahl will take possession of the stand on Monday. John Paul will remain in the city, while J. R Paul, the junior member of the firm, will take charge of his father's business interests in Unrichsville.

As Frank Hose, who resides in West Tremont street, was returning from the Wednesday evening service at Faith chapel, he was attacked and badly bitten in the hand by a vicious dog Dr Pfouts cauterized the wound, and anticipates no serious results. The dog, which belonged to Mrs John Lowe, was dispatched by Officer McGuire this morning.

The receiver of the First National bank, of Lisbon, has brought suit against Judge N. B. Billingsley to collect $38,000 alleged to be due the bank. Judge Billingsley has filed an answer, in which he claims that the receiver has not placed the proper construction on the books of the bank as found by him, and says that the bank owes him over $2,000.

Motorman Watkins's car had almost crossed the C., L. & W. tracks Saturday evening, when, by the failure of the power, it came to a standstill in front of a northbound freight. The train, which fortunately was not running at a high rate of speed, collided with the rear end of the helpless car, breaking off a step, but not otherwise seriously injuring it nor its occupants, beyond a slight shaking up.

Richard Edwards, manager of the West Main street grocery of Morgan & Co., is a Republican candidate for councilman from the second ward, E. L. Hering having recently retired. Recent developments in Mr Hering's business will necessitate his absence from the city much of the time in the future, and he fears that he would be unable to look after the office were he elected.

The annual report of the Hon. William Beatley, grand keeper of records and seals of Ohio Knights of Pythias, is just out. It shows a great increase in the order in this state during the year. The number of members in Ohio on January 1, 1899, was 55,972; subordinate lodges in Ohio, 663; cash on hand, $31,079.01; disbursed for sick benefits and other relief during the year, $135,703 74; total assets of Ohio lodges, $1,233,905 35.

The house and lot on the south side of East Main street, known as the Buckins property, was purchased on Wednesday, by William M. Reed, for $5,000, cash. Mr. and Mrs. Reed, at present occupy the adjoining house. They will make extensive repairs and improvements in their new property before moving into it. The size of the house will admit of its being remodeled according to the colonial style of architecture, a plan which its owners now have in contemplation.

The Genoa literary society held its final meeting last night, quite a number of Massillonians attending. The question of the evening "Resolved, That the United States Should Adopt an Imperialist Policy," was discussed by Messrs. John Harmon and Frank Doll on the affirmative, and Enos Stewart and William Allen on the negative, but for some unknown reason the judges did not render a decision. During the evening T. Marshall McDowell delivered several humorous recitations which were well received.

Benjamin Smith, who said he wanted to get to his home in Ft. Wayne, was assisted as far as Orrville by the township trustees yesterday. He is 83 years old His wife died suddenly in Lockport, N. Y., he said, just as they were preparing to leave for the railway station. All the money he had with him was needed for the burial expenses. Smith appeared so badly crippled with rheumatism that he was scarcely able to walk. This affliction had come upon him suddenly, also, he stated, while visiting in Lockport.

The Rev. J. C. Chapman under date of Youngstown, March 24, writes THE INDEPENDENT as follows: "Please say to my numerous friends that after a hard ten days' wrestle with pneumonia, I am now able to dress and walk around my room, thank God. He is more powerful than any disease, and at His word all must yield I was stricken in an instant, and my temperature ran up to 104½ and stayed at that for twelve hours. The doctor said: 'This is a doubtful case. If he was a young man it would be different.' But God brought me through all right. Glory to his name."

WE PUBLISH THE STORY

Of Another Wonderful Cure of Backache for the Benefit of Massillon People.

Morrow's Kid-ne-oids receive the highest possible praise from an Elkhart, Ind., business man. If Morrow's Kid-ne-oids were not a worthy remedy, or the remedy we claim them to be, it would be impossible to get people living in Elkhart to praise them. Geo. Towman, the barber at Main and Franklin St., has much to say for them and stronger language could not be used. Here is what he says, word for word.

"I doubt very much if there are many people living who have suffered worse with kidney complaint and lived than I have. My condition had gradually been growing worse for years notwithstanding the fact that I have used much patent medicine as well as being treated by physicians, which cost me lots of money Only two months ago I paid a large doctor bill for which I had received not one particle of benefit. My condition has been so bad at times I have had to quit work for a week or more, the pain through the small of my back was so intense that it seemed to me as if I were dying by inches This condition made me so nervous, by spells I was unable to hold a razor steady. The kidney secretions were highly discolored and accompanied by a scalding pain in its passage; this showed an excessiveness of uric acid. No one could blame me for being completely discouraged. I had begun to believe that my condition was a hopeless one until hope took the place of despair through reading of the many cures effected by Morrow's Kid-ne oids. I could no more than fail (which I had been doing right along, although taking treatment from physicians and paying doctor bills), if I gave the Kid-ne-oids a trial. I bought two boxes to start with; it seems almost incredible when I say that I began to get better in a day, but such is the case. Inside of a week my condition was more improved than it had been for years from other treatment. Today my backache has entirely disappeared, my nerves have grown steady and strong and I am perfectly free from urinary disturbances, notwithstanding the fact that I work hard all day. I am so elated over my present healthful condition that I suppose I have told and recommended Kid-ne-oids to over thirty of my customers. I made this statement for publication with the hope that those who read it will not delay one moment but will stop their suffering by using Kid-ne-oids at once, as I believe them to be the only cure for this complaint to be had."

The people of Massillon and surrounding country should be convinced at once through this statement and lose no time from being cured. Kid-ne oids are Yellow Tablets (not pills), and are put up in wooden boxes, which contain enough for two weeks' treatment, and sell at fifty cents a box at F. E. Seaman's Drug Store.

A descriptive booklet will be mailed upon request, by John Morrow & Co., Chemists, Springfield, Ohio.

IN THE GAS BELT.

Prospects for Finding Gas and Oil in This Vicinity.

THE OPINIONS OF A GEOLOGIST.

In the Study of the Question the Consideration of Two Ages Only is Necessary, the Carboniferous and the Devonian—Our Chances are Good.

For the following article on the geological formation of the country hereabouts, considered in reference to the possible presence of oil and gas, THE INDEPENDENT is indebted to Dr. F. H. H. Pope, of Dalton:

Now that the prodromic symptoms of the outbreak of the oil and gas fever become daily more apparent, it may be of interest to give some of the reasons for the faith of the local geologists, for the finding of the to-be-sought-for in this locality.

For the full understanding of the subject, a fairly comprehensive knowledge of the geological formations of the several ages and epochs is presumed to be in possession of the reader, so that no time is necessary to be taken to lay out the basic premises. At any rate, only two ages are necessary to consider now, viz: the carboniferous, which feathers out and ceases a few miles west of us, with its sub-carboniferous, underlying as one, and the devonian or reptilian underlying.

These two ages were the great carbon life bearing periods, and the rocks of these ages are richer in fossils of such an atmosphere than any other. Mineral oil and gas are the results of decomposition of these fossils, changed conditions of the elements, proceeding from the times when they were buried in what since has become rocks. When set free, they obey the laws of gravity, and float above the denser elements in which they are submerged, until they reach an impervious material, usually rocks, beneath which they flow until they reach the highest elevation of such impervious rock, where, if there is an opening to the surface of the earth, either by way of a dyke or fracture, or shelving of the rock, they escape to form, if oil, the natural oil springs, if gas, what is known as fire damp to most people, carburetted hydrogen to the scientist. But if pent up from any cause, usually by a bending or dipping of the stratas, in such cases the oil and gases are held in receptacles so formed, which, if penetrated by the drill escape, or are pumped therefrom, and are known as oil wells of modern times.

The natural inquiry follows: Can we form any opinion as to where these receptacles can be located? Reasoning from known facts, the deduction is drawn that to a limited extent we can. Passing over the different epochs in the course of the formation of the different stratas, we must look at the trend of the rocks of this region as they are today. At the western boundary of the state there is what is known as the Great Cincinnati Arch: this is simply a bending of the strata of rocks upon themselves, much the same as sheets of paper would appear if bent into the shape of an arch. From its summit the strata dips towards the east and the west. It has been traced from Alabama through Tennessee, Kentucky, Ohio, Michigan and lost in the British possessions, but this arch has a secondary bending upon itself and the highest point is reached in northwestern Ohio and northeastern Indiana. The dip from its summit eastward averages something more than three feet to the mile, but this dip is not regular: the forces which operated to form the Cincinnati arch also operated to form a number of similar but smaller arches and valleys throughout the state. These are known as cinchinal valleys and arches, or divides, each one lower in the series towards the east, the pitch or inclination varying according to location, the western pitch of the divide or arch being never so great as the side towards the east. Thus the strata of rocks which is near the surface at Lima, is many hundreds of feet lower at Dalton or Scio, but not as low as in the valleys of the Killbuck, Tuscarawas or Ohio, while our altitude above Lake Erie is considerably greater than that of Lima.

It will be apparent to anyone conversant with the topographical geography of the state that, commencing with the Ohio valley on the east, the state is traversed by a number of valleys traversing the state from a northeasterly to a southwesterly direction, the only ones of which we are immediately interested in being the valleys of the Tuscarawas and Killbuck, and between which are the so-called divides. The geological formation beneath the surface is similar except that the average trend or dip for about twenty-two degrees south of east from here, of the rocks, considerably exceeds the average from a line east and west. The divide between the Ohio and Tuscarawas is interesting, in that it is instructive, Scio being near the geological summit of the arch.

From these facts the following deductions are drawn: When oil and gas reach the impervious strata they find the receptacle, they fill it and again underflow to the next, and so in succession each one farther west until the great Cincinnati arch is reached, where the great oil and gas fields have been found to exist.

If this view is the correct one the chances of striking oil or gas in the valleys are extremely doubtful, while in the divides the chances increase very much. Scio being near the summit, the chances should be good, northeast and southwest, but becomes less either east or west. Dalton being situated near the summit of the arch between the Tuscarawas and the Killbuck, its chances should also be good.

Of course there is a large element of speculation in everything of this kind, and the man who "would invest if he thought he had a sure thing" had better buy mortgages. However, it is confidently believed that at some time in the near future fine oil fields will be developed in territory somewhere along the arch between the Tuscarawas and Killbuck. In speaking of valleys, care must be taken to discriminate between cinchinal valleys and valleys of erosion including glacial channeling.

Going Down Hill.

People suffering from Kidney Diseases feel a gradual but steady loss of strength and vitality. They should lose no time in trying Foley's Kidney Cure, a Guaranteed Preparation. Rider & Snyder.

As the season of the year when pneumonia, la grippe, sore throat, coughs, colds, catarrh, bronchitis and lung trouble are to be guarded against, nothing "is a fine substitute," will "answer the purpose," or is "just as good" as One Minute Cough Cure. That is the one infallible remedy for all lung, throat or bronchial troubles. Insist vigorously upon having it if "something else" is offered you. Rider & Snyder.

Foley's Honey and Tar Cough Medicine is unquestionably the best remedy for the Throat and Lungs, Pleasant to take and is GUARANTEED. Rider & Snyder.

Drink Grain-O

After you have concluded that you ought not to drink coffee. It is not a medicine, but doctors order it because it is healthful, invigorating and appetizing It is made from pure grains and has that rich seal brown color and tastes like the finest grades of coffee, and costs about one-fourth as much. Children like it and thrive on it because it is a genuine food drink, containing nothing but nourishment. Ask your grocer for Grain-O, the new food drink. 15 and 25c.

Given Up by Four Doctors.

Beaver Dam, O.

My daughter, after being treated by four doctors, and being given up for lost, a neighbor recommended Foley's Kidney Cure. Today she is able to walk several miles without fatigue. I feel we should have lost her if it had not been for your medicine. Respectfully,

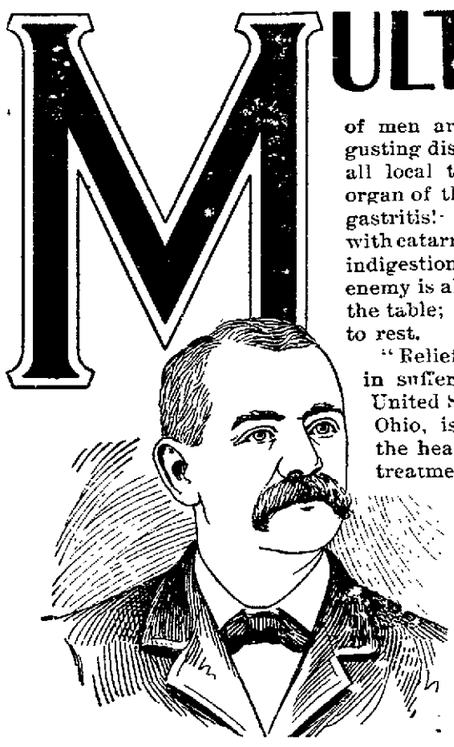
MRS. J. M. BAILEY.

Rider & Snyder.

Croup instantly relieved. Dr. Thomas Eclectric Oil. Perfectly safe. Never fails. At any drug store.

The Truth About Catarrh.

Deputy U. S. Marshal William T. Harness of Ohio, writes to Dr. Hartman.



MULTITUDES of men are cursed with catarrh. The disgusting disease gets hold and clings; it baffles all local treatment; it penetrates to every organ of the body. It is consumption! It is gastritis! Its names are legion. The man with catarrh of the stomach, commonly called indigestion, knows what suffering is. His enemy is always with him; it haunts him at the table; it follows him when he lies down to rest.

"Relief" is eagerly sought and paid for in suffering. William T. Harness, Deputy United States Marshal Southern District of Ohio, is completely cured of catarrh of the head and stomach by Dr. Hartman's treatment. Mr. Harness, whose picture is printed here, is one of the best known and most popular democrats in Southern Ohio, his popularity being fully demonstrated by his election for three successive terms to office in the republican county of Washington. He was appointed Deputy United States Marshal during the administration of President Cleveland, and his record in that office has been an enviable one.

OFFICE OF UNITED STATES MARSHAL, SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF OHIO,
CINCINNATI, O., Sept. 6, 1897.

Dr. Hartman, Pres. Pe-ru-na Medicine Co., Columbus, O.

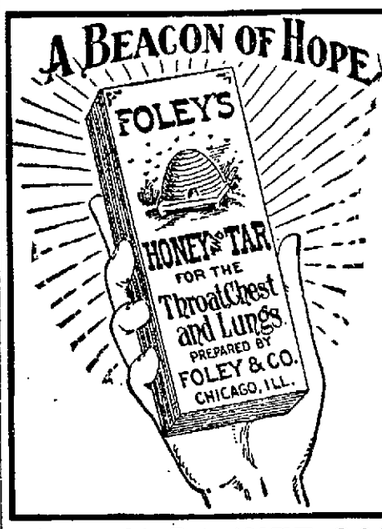
DEAR SIR:—It affords me much pleasure to bear testimony to the worth of your medicines. Pe-ru-na and Man-a-lin. I have been troubled with catarrh of the head and stomach; I have used many of the best known and most widely advertised medicines but found no permanent relief. About one year ago I began to take your Pe-ru-na and I am pleased to say that I now consider myself completely cured of catarrh. I was also troubled with indigestion, and have used your Man-a-lin for four months, but have no trouble from that source any more.

Yours truly, WILLIAM T. HARNESS.

Ten thousand demons gnawing away at one's vitals couldn't be much worse than the tortures of itching piles. Yet there's a cure. Doan's Ointment never fails.

If you have had the grip you need Foley's Honey and Tar to heal your lungs and stop the racking cough incidental to the disease. Guaranteed 25 and 50c. Rider & Snyder.

A BEACON OF HOPE



A FRIEND OF THE FAMILY.

FOLEY'S HONEY and TAR

IS THE

GREAT THROAT and LUNG REMEDY.

FOLEY'S BANNER SALVE is a Healing Wonder.

Rider & Snyder, Druggists.

C. W. ZIMMERMAN

.....FASHIONABLE MILLINER,

Corner Erie and Tremont Streets, opp. Hotel Sailer, Massillon, Ohio.

WITH FEELINGS OF PRIDE

we ask an inspection of the Millinery Creations, finished and unfinished, we now offer for sale. Our one aim and ambition is to be able to furnish ladies' headwear at very low prices. That we have succeeded we leave for you to say. We called to our aid the brightest minds in the Millinery business; the choice productions of New York City and other markets were secured, and are now in our parlors awaiting your choosing. Being new aspirants for your favors, we want to impress upon you our ability to serve you promptly and well, and because of light expenses we are in a position to give you the best Millinery values procurable in Northern Ohio.

Our Trimming Department

is in charge of MISS L. E. DUTTON, of NEW YORK CITY, a lady experienced in the art and one who is possessed of rare taste and ability. Miss Dutton will aid you in selecting colors, suggesting proper effects, etc.

Pattern Hats.

We made Large purchases of French and American Pattern Hats, and this department is worthy your careful attention. All the New Spring Shapes, Rich Colors, Effects and Blendings are shown—lovely creations, embellished with choice effects in Flowers, Wings, etc. Purple, Blue and Geranium Shades Predominate. Note the very LOW PRICES quoted.

Untrimmed Hats and Bonnets, Sailors, Etc.

All the New, Nobby Styles; shapes adapted to any sized person, and a stock in which all can find just what is desired. Hats for Misses and Children. Hoods for Little People. We have a special strong line of School Hats for Summer Wear.

Flowers, Wings, Ribbons, Silks, Ornaments.

It's useless for us to attempt a description. We have on display Flowers that rival nature's best productions; Wings, Tips and Plumes perfect in every detail; rich and dainty shades in Silks and Ribbons; beautiful Ornaments of latest designs—everything you want to make the finished hat what it should be.

Asking for a share of your patronage—at least an opportunity to prove our ability to serve you, we remain, most cordially yours,

C. W. ZIMMERMAN,

Cor. Erie and Tremont Sts., Massillon, O.

SPRING JACKETS

Two shipments of our LADIES' SPRING JACKETS have already arrived. They are the correct thing. Come and

Make Your Selections Early.

WHAT REMAINS of our Winter Coats and Capes, are being slaughtered at unheard of prices. Save money by buying now.

CRONE'S Dry Goods Store.

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The Massillon Independent.

ISSUED SEMI-WEEKLY. MASSILLON, OHIO, MONDAY MARCd 27, 1899. XXXVIII—NO. 4

YESTERDAY'S FIGHT.

The News as Received by Officials at the War Department.

VOLUNTEERS IN ADVANCE.

They are the Veterans of the Army and Understand Jungle Fighting Twenty-Seven Thousand Men Under General Otis.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

WASHINGTON, March 25.—This has been a day of great anxiety and excitement at the war department, and officials were reminded of the busiest days during the war with Spain. Every official in the department has been intently looking for every scrap of information regarding the progress of General Otis's expeditionary forces, and it was noted that movements of the troops were executed like clock work. Necessarily, the advance was rapid, yet the officials were delighted with the perfection of arrangements, especially noting the rapid work of the signal men with the troops in running their wires, the ambulance corps close up to the fighting lines, and the pressing forward of supplies. Although the results of the day's fighting were not known when the department closed the greatest confidence was shown by the officers in the complete success of the American arms. Nothing but words of praise were heard for the strategy of General Otis and his subordinate officers. General McArthur was particularly commended, being the active leader of the advancing column thrown forward against the insurgents' line. It was the opinion of the department that the Americans would bivouac on the field and take up the forward movement as soon as the sun rises Sunday morning. There is no question about stopping now, as this movement is intended to break up the rebel power in the island, and it will be pushed to the utmost until the insurgents surrender or flee beyond reach in the mountains or jungles.

General Otis has under his command at Manila and vicinity about 27,000 soldiers. According to the latest report from Otis, Aguinaldo has 30,000 armed men. Adjutant General Corbin estimates the American flying column at about 10,000, while the insurgents, as reported by Otis, have 12,000 men in line, all behind intrenchments. Aguinaldo's reserve of 18,000 men is not far distant from the scene of the hardest fighting, and it is suspected that some of them, including Aguinaldo himself, were drawn into today's battle, in which event the numbers have been heavily against the Americans. The latter are taking full advantage of the railroad now in their possession, which runs parallel to the movement of today, and which is of great assistance.

There is a possibility of much confusion over the names of Generals Hale and Hall. General Irving Hale was colonel of the Colorado infantry, and has been promoted to brigadier general of volunteers. General Robert H. Hall was formerly colonel of the Fourth regular infantry, promoted to brigadier general of volunteers. Both officers played an important part in today's engagement.

Frequent inquiries have been made today why so large a proportion of the troops in the advance were volunteers. War department officials have explained that these volunteers were actually more veteranized than the regulars. They have been in service nearly a year and have done more fighting than any other troops in the United States army. They also have an advantage over the regulars in their knowledge of jungle fighting, acquired during their long stay at Manila and vicinity.

It is a part of prudence to maintain a strong reserve of the most reliable character in a movement such as is now going on, and General Otis yesterday emphasized the necessity of strongly garrisoning the old lines surrounding the city. This duty has been assigned principally to the regular troops.

Great satisfaction is expressed at the war department over the press reports that Americans had captured the railroad leading to Malolos, the headquarters of the insurgents. The great danger to which the advance force of Americans has been exposed was the cutting of their line of communication with Manila, preventing supplies from reaching the outposts. Great difficulty has already been experienced in maintaining transportation service over the only roads available, owing to the length of the American line, but with the railroad in their possession the task will be reduced fully one-half. It is now doubtful whether it will be necessary to maintain these outposts.

The war department late tonight made public the following dispatch from General Otis, dated Manila, March 25: "Perfected northern movement not yet completed. Otis and Hale's brigades, with mounted troops of the Fourth cavalry, in turning column, met with heavy resistance, over a difficult country, and are camped tonight six miles east of Polo and six miles north of the line from which the advance was taken up. Wheaton's brigade, at Caloocan, drove the enemy one and a half miles north, across the river. Hall, on the extreme right, encountered a considerable force and routed it. The fighting was heavy near Caloocan. The movement will continue in the morning. Our casualties are about one hundred and sixty; twenty-five killed. The enemy lost in killed alone two hundred."

Secretary Alger and party, aboard the transport Ingalls, unexpectedly put in at Key West tonight, though they were scheduled to be at Havana tomorrow morning. Official advices of the battle had been cabled to Secretary Alger at Havana, but on receipt of his arrival at Key West the messages were repeated to that point. The secretary and party will proceed to Havana tomorrow. Not a word about the battle came to the navy department during the day or night.

POOR PROPHETS.

They Say Americans Cannot Subjugate the Filippinos.

Admit that We Will Win all Battles, But in the End Will Fail—Spanish Journalists With Vivid Imaginations.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

MADRID, March 25.—Spanish officers who are acquainted with the Philippine islands continue to predict the failure of Major General Otis's campaign, notwithstanding American success. They say that while the Americans will undoubtedly win all the battles, they will lose the campaign itself, owing to the aptitude of the Tagalos to conduct a war of surprises and ambuscades. Malolos, the capital of the rebel government, they add, will fall into the hands of the Americans, but they insist that the war will rage as long as the rebels desire it. The correspondent at Manila of the Correspondencia alleges that within six days from the reopening of hostilities the Americans lost one thousand men and that several companies of troops fell into the hands of the insurgents.

TWO MORE BODIES FOUND.

Twenty seven Windsor Hotel Employes Unaccounted For.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

NEW YOZK, March 25.—Two bodies were found in the Windsor hotel fire ruins today. Mrs. Martha M. Simans and Frederick M. Day, injured, died in Bellevue hospital tonight. The number of known dead is now twenty-six. A special patrolman, formerly employed in the hotel, has completed his list of the missing employes. Sixteen men and eleven women are unaccounted for. This count has been made very carefully. The first body found today was near the Fifth avenue side of the ruins. It was in an unrecognizable condition, and could not even be identified as the remains of a man or woman. The second body was found at 9:15 o'clock tonight under some steam pipes in the archway of the first partition wall of the basement. The body was wholly unrecognizable, only the trunk, ribs and flesh clinging to the body remains.

ON THE WAY HOME.

The Cruiser Chicago Left Santiago, With Secretary Sherman Today.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

SANTIAGO, March 25.—The United States cruiser Chicago, with John Sherman on board, sailed east from here, going through the Windward passage. Before leaving Captain Cooper said he expected to reach Hampton Roads in four days. There Sherman will be transferred to a smaller steamer which will take him to Washington. Mr. Sherman decided just before sailing that he preferred to be taken directly home. Passengers on the American line steamer Paris, from which Sherman was transferred, are all well.

TROOPS LEAVE PANA.

A Deputy Sheriff and Posse are Now in Charge.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

PANA, Ill., March 25.—The last of the soldiers brought here during the riots left today, and the situation is in charge of Deputy Sheriff Cheney and a posse.

IN WALL STREET.

The Market Was Strong and Active on Saturday.

HEAVY TRADING ALL WEEK

Seven-Tenths of the Stock Dealt in During the Past Week Advanced—Healthy Tone of the Bond Market.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

NEW YORK, March 25.—Stocks were very strong today, with transactions of over half a million shares in the two hours' session, and quotations closed at about the best. Expectation that the bank statement would be favorable was an early incentive for purchases, and when it appeared, showing an increase of about five and one-half millions in the loan account, and a decrease of only half a million in the surplus reserve, most stocks continued their upward progress.

Among the industrials, Continental tobacco preferred got up 2¾; Federal Steel 1⅛; Peoples Gas 1; Consolidated Gas 3. Among the Vanderbilts there were advances of 1½ in New York Central, and one each for Illinois Central and Canada Southern. Increased interest appeared among the Grangers, with improving prices, Burlington leading with 1¾. Strength was also displayed by Atchison preferred, Southern preferred and St. Louis and San Francisco.

The fact that call rates ruled today at four per cent was favorably commented upon, and the market closed strong. About seven-tenths of the stock dealt in on exchange this week advanced. The dealings, which were about half a million larger than those of the previous week, were mostly influenced by the monetary situation and interest attaching to the bank statement, largely as to whether it forecasted easier or tighter money. Judging by the prices after the appearance of the bank statement, speculators seemed to take the view that for the present call money would not go above this week's figures.

This week's bond market showed a generally healthy tone, with notable improvements in many securities. United States new fours, registered, advanced three fourth; fours, coupons, five eighths; the fives, threes and old fours, coupons, one-half, and fours, registered, three-eighths.

THE SCHEDULE MADE UP.

League Base Ball Season Will Open April 15th.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

NEW YORK, March 25.—The session of the National Base Ball League closed at 4 o'clock this afternoon, with the adoption of a schedule that calls for four trips. The regular season opens April 15 and closes October 14. Upon request of Robison, a resolution was adopted allowing clubs that so wished to open the season on April 14 and close October 15. The champion Bostons will open the season with the newly organized Brooklyn team. New York opens at Baltimore, with Baltimore; Washington at Philadelphia; Chicago at Louisville; Pittsburg at Cincinnati, and Cleveland at St. Louis. Most of the magnates took a hurried departure for home.

INDIANA MINERS.

Joint Scale Committee Cannot Agree on Price for Machine Mining.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

TERRE HAUTE, March 25.—At today's session of the Indiana miners a new state executive board was selected. The joint scale committee held a protracted meeting, but nothing was accomplished. The bone of contention seems to be the special rate for machine mining demanded by the miners, which the operators refuse to concede. The committee adjourned until next Wednesday, in order to allow time for a careful reconsideration of the propositions advanced by both sides. The miners' convention will resume business on Monday.

NEARLY RECOVERED.

The Pope Expects to Officiate at Mass at St. Peters.

By Associated Press to THE INDEPENDENT.]

ROME, March 26.—The Pope is steadily gaining strength, eats well, and his mentality is as acute as ever. He celebrated mass this morning without requiring aid of any kind, and will probably officiate at mass at St. Peter's on one of the first Sundays after Easter.

NOT READY TO REPORT.

Another Board Investigating the Meat Business.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

WASHINGTON, March 25.—The military board inquiring into the destruction of a large quantity of beef sent to Porto Rico duing the war has not yet completed taking testimony. No determination has been reached, nor have individual members expressed their views to each other. This statement was made today by one of the officers of the board, because of published reports that the board had reached a conclusion and a court martial would result. At present the board is awaiting information from Porto Rico.

AFRICA DIVIDED.

France and Great Britain Finally Reach an Agreement.

Only Four Recognized Independent States Left in the Continent—European Powers are Satisfied With the Distribution.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

LONDON, March 25.—A red letter page in the history of Africa was written this week, when Great Britain and France agreed to the parcelling of the last portion of Africa still open to the grabbers. The agreement disposes of hundreds of thousands of square miles, and leaves only four recognized independent states throughout the continent—Morocco, Abyssinia, Liberia and Orange Free State. The reception of the agreement by European powers is decided favorable. The Russians do not care. Germany apparently hopes for compensation elsewhere, and is not sorry to see France's hands full of colonial embarrassments, while in France, except for colonial faddists and inveterate anglophobes, a majority are dazzled by the new empire, which they picture as a second British India.

AN IMPORTANT CONFERENCE.

Bryan and Leading Free Silver Men Meet at Hot Springs.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

HOT SPRINGS, March 25.—Wm. J. Bryan and ex-Governor Wm. J. Stone, of Missouri, arrived here this evening and have taken connecting apartments at the Eastman hotel. Bryan will lecture tonight, and an important conference of free silver leaders is expected tomorrow or Monday. Senator Mantle, Senator Pettigrew, ex-Senator Dubois and ex-Senator Reagan slipped into Hot Springs yesterday, unannounced. John C. Sheehan, Tammany's leader, who has been here some time, postponed his return to New York for a week for the purpose of meeting Bryan and Stone.

BIG STRIKE THREATENED.

Street Cars of Cleveland May All Be Tied Up.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

CLEVELAND, March 25.—A strike which may tie up every street railway in Cleveland is threatened. Employes of the Big Consolidated Company declare that unnecessarily severe rules are being harshly enforced upon them, and the Little Consolidated Company's men, while having no complaints of their own, say they will stand by their fellow workmen. A large union is being formed, after which the future course of action will be decided upon. The strike sentiment among the big consolidated men is very pronounced.

STOVE MANUFACTURERS MEET

As a Result, the Price of Stoves Will be Advanced.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

COLUMBUS, March 25.—A meeting here today resulted in the formation of the Ohio Valley Association of stove manufacturers. The meeting grew out of the recent conference of stove manufacturers in Chicago. An advance of ten per cent in the wages granted moulders in the Ohio Valley will be followed by advance of an equal amount in the price of stoves. The advance will not be confined to this territory, but will be general.

BOB BURDETTE MARRIED.

He Will Fill the Pulpit of a Presbyterian Church.

By Associated Press to The Independent.]

LOS ANGELES, March 25.—Robert J. Burdette, the humorist and Mrs. Clara Blaker were married today at Pasadena. They will make their future home in Pasadena, where the humorist will fill the pulpit of the First Presbyterian church.

HARD ON GERMANS

Severely Criticised for Fighting Under the Stars and Stripes.

CAN HIRE RENEGADES.

But Little Progress is Made in Arranging a Commercial Treaty—Samoan Negotiations are Now Conducted at Washington.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

BERLIN, March 25.—United States Ambassador White says that negotiations between Germany and the United States regarding the Samoan trouble have ceased for the present, so far as Berlin is concerned, and are now being conducted at Washington exclusively. The latter city is nearer the scene of action, and there will be less delay in receiving information. Negotiations in connection with the commercial treaty are also confined to the American capital, where the joint association of special reciprocity commissioners and Baron Von Holleben, the German ambassador, have the matter in hand. So far as is known there have been no recent developments of interest in the negotiations. In answer to the question as to whether Robert P. Porter's presence and doings have had any appreciable effect on the relations between Germany and the United States, Ambassador White said that so far as he was able to judge no good had been accomplished by his presence.

The reichstag will adjourn April 11. Since it convened it has transacted a great deal of business, having held sixty-one plenary and eleven special sessions.

German newspapers, in discussing the commercial relations between Germany and the United States, complain that while here everything possible is being done to bring about an improvement in affairs, Germany being willing to sacrifice something to that end, no desire for reciprocity has been shown by the United States, where, it is asserted, even the calm and moderate newspapers do not recommend any steps in that direction. It is believed that these articles have been inspired by the government for a purpose. The Cologne Volks Zeitung says that the Americans will be greatly mistaken if they imagine that all the yielding, in the efforts to arrange a treaty, will be done by Germany.

The Alle Deutsche Blaetter deplores the fact so many Germans fought under the Yankee flag in the late Spanish-American war, and says that America's young colonial empire will be paid for with German blood, just as the French conquered in Tonquin, Madagascar and Dahomey. The paper adds: "If the Yankees, with their coarse bragging, threaten to lick us, it is because they know their own sons are safe in any case. With their dollars they would find enough German asses and renegades to fight their own motherland."

INSURE THEIR OWN BOATS.

Cleveland Vessel Owners Form an Insurance Company.

By Associated Press to The Independent.]

CLEVELAND, March 25.—At a well attended meeting of vessel owners today it was decided to carry out their long threatened project of establishing a mutual marine insurance company. During the fall and winter a number of meetings were held, the cause being what the owners considered unjust treatment from the insurance companies regarding rates. The new company will include all Cleveland vessel owners, many of whom subscribed heavily for stock today. At the beginning they will take only about ten per cent. on their own boats, but expect eventually to handle all of it. A meeting will be held Monday or Tuesday to fix the capital stock and draw up articles of incorporation.

FINED FOR CONTEMPT.

A Cincinnati Firm Pays Fines Aggregating $2,250.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

CINCINNATI, March 25.—Judge Taft, of the United States court, fined two members of the firm of Meholovitch & Company $1,000 each, and third member $250, adding costs, for contempt of court in disobeying an injunction forbidding them to counterfeit the Kuemmel brands of Gilka & Company, of Germany, and the labels and brands of brandies and other liquors of James Hennessey & Company, of France. The injunction was granted by Judge Taft seven years ago, and he was severe in his reproof of the defendants.

IN WOOD COUNTY.

Militia Called Out to Capture and Protect Murderers.

Two Brothers Kill a Lawyer and are Pursued to Their Home by Enraged Citizens Who Threaten to Hang Them.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

COLUMBUS, March 25.—Governor Bushnell was apprised of the riot at Hoyt's Corners tonight, by the following dispatch from E. S. Bryant, lieutenant colonel of the Second Ohio regiment, who resides at Bloomdale:

"Just got telegram from the sheriff of Wood county to report at Hoyt's Corners at once with as many men and all the ammunition possible. Will leave here about 11:30 a. m. The Zeltner brothers shot and killed Lawyer Westinhaver and have barricaded themselves in their house, three miles from Hoyt's Corners, which is now surrounded by hundreds of citizens, of whom two or three have since been shot."

The Governor placed himself in communication with Colonel Bryant, and orders were sent to Colonel Kuert, of the Second regiment, at Kenton, to be in readiness to proceed to Hoyt's Corners. Orders were also sent to Captain D. H. James, of Toledo, to hold the Toledo state volunteers in readiness. Up to a late hour tonight the Governor had not been asked to order out any troops, except the company in Bloomdale, but is ready to respond to the first call. Hoyt's Corners is a small town ten miles from the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, in the western part of Wood county, near the southern boundary line.

A special to the State Journal from Hoyt's Corners says: After the killing of Lawyer Westinhaver, the Zeltners fled to their home, pursued by several hundred men. The Zeltners stood boldly in their yard all forenoon and defied arrest. There was a frequent exchange of shots between the fugitives and the crowd, at long range. A man named Wittemeyer, who crossed the open space, was shot through the heart and instantly killed. Sheriff Kingsbury and a posse of deputies were soon on the scene, but a fusillade of shots by the Zeltners prevented any effort being made to capture them. Deputy Sheriff Roach, who took refuge behind a tree in the woods, was made a special target, three bullets grazing the tree behind which he stood. Later in the day the Zeltners retired within the house and barricaded it. Hundreds of shots were fired into the house, but without effect. The sheriff then decided to call for the Bloomdale rifles, and meantime a guard was stationed around the house. Mrs. Zeltner and her children took refuge in the cellar. Tonight a neighbor of Zeltners' went into the house under a flag of truce, and tried to induce them to surrender, but they declined to do so before morning, fearing the mob. Every effort will be made to prevent a lynching, but this will be difficult, in view of the temper of the people who are incensed, not only by the killing of Westinhaevr, but by the death of Wittemyer, a respected citizen. The sheriff will appeal to the governor for sufficient troops to protect the Zeltners when they are taken into custody. The Zeltners are prepared for trouble, as they sold their farm and bought a large quantity of ammunition only yesterday.

A dispatch has been received by the governor from Colonel Bryant, of Bloomdale, saying that thirty members of the company had been collected and armed with Winchesters, and were just leaving for Hoyt's Corners. No additional advices had been received from the scene of trouble. A special train was made up here and rifles and ammunition sent to Hoyt's Corners for the militia, who have been without arms since being mustered out of the United States service. It is not known here where the Winchesters in possession of the company at Bloomdale were secured.

Bloomdale troops arrived at Hoyt's Corners last night and surrounded the Zeltner house. At 1:30 the militray opened fire on the house, and there has been continual firing on both sides. It is not known whether anyone has been killed. The troops when they arrived found that the mob of citizens had pickets out. The captain called on the mob to help the militia, and received in reply a volley from revolvers. The troops and mob at 2 o'clock had not arrived at an understanding. The mob wants to lynch the Zeltners, and the militia want to capture them and at the same time prevent a lynching.

Knoxville—Body of Jack Melton, found on river bank, with evidences of foul play, and three men are in jail charged with his murder.

Lexington, Ky.—Captain Charles Clay, wounded at Manila yesterday, is a grandson of Henry Clay. He was in the Santiago campaign with Lawton.

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THE INDEPENDENT.

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THE EVENING INDEPENDENT is on sale at Bahney's Book Store, Bammerlin's Cigar Stand (Hotel Conrad), and Bert Hankin's News stand in North Mill street

MONDAY, MARCH 27, 1899.

A dispatch has been received by the Veterans' Association at Santiago saying that the Cuban assembly was the only body that had authority to deal with the army, and asking it to reappoint General Gomez to his old position as commander in chief. This request should be acceded to immediately. When the assembly has appointed the Cuban general to the command from which it never had power to remove him, its members may more effectually deceive themselves regarding the dignity and authority of their position.

Strong men make up the Republican council list. While it is regretted that E. L. Hering found it necessary to withdraw his name as a candidate from the second ward, Richard Edwards's acceptance of the vacancy has caused general satisfaction. S. F. Wefler has both the energy and capacity to further the interests of the first ward citizens; Ree P. Reay will be a credit to the third ward voters, and John Spuhler will be more than a figurehead in the Democratic stronghold, which he has been chosen to represent.

Notwithstanding the fact that General Otis has refused to sanction negotiations between the Spaniards and Filippinos for the release of prisoners held by the latter, basing his refusal on the ground that the money paid would be used to aid the insurgents against the Americans, a recent dispatch from Madrid states that the Spanish government has offered Aguinaldo 5,000 pesetas for the release of each Spanish officer held by him, 500 pesetas for each soldier and 2,500 pesetas for each civilian. This dispatch, immediately following the one containing Premier Silvela's assurance of friendship for the United States, is an evidence that Spanish dignity and honor are yet in the ascendant.

President McKinley's letter to Admiral Sampson shows that the former thoroughly agrees with Admiral Schley that to Sampson "the honor is due" for the destruction of Cervera's fleet. Although the President paid a tribute to Sampson in nominating him for advancement eight numbers, greater than that conferred on any other officer of high rank, he has not until now placed on record his opinion of Sampson as an officer and a man. While the President's opinion will be heartily seconded by the majority of those who have given the matter any degree of consideration, there can be no diminution in the popular estimation of Admiral Schley, whose bravery is unquestioned and whose bearing throughout the controversey, brought about entirely through the attitude of his friends, has been in every way that of an officer and a gentleman.

Trade reports from all over the country continue to tell of remarkable business activity, with prices strong and steady, collections good and increasing in all lines of trade. A correspondent in a trade paper describes the situation as a "buyers' panic" and the American Economist says in comment: "That is the kind of a panic that a protective tariff always brings about. In 1893, under the free-trade administration of Mr. Cleveland, with its tariff reform Wilson Gorman law we had another kind of a panic, the kind that has always followed upon every experiment made with free-trade or any approach to it by this country; a panic when banks failed, factories closed, business men went to the wall and idle workmen walked the streets. It is safe to say that the people of the country prefer the "buyers' panic" of 1899 under protection to the sort of panic we had in 1893 under partial free-trade.

The arguments advanced by THE INDEPENDENT'S correspondent in opposition to the proposed curfew ordinance appear to be based mainly upon two propositions—first that the children whose home influences are good do not need a public law to keep them off the streets, and second that the children who play about the alleys, parks and public streets at night are better off than they would be in homes where the moral atmosphere is bad. Both these arguments are unsound. It is a well known fact that hundreds of Massillon children, whose home influences are of the best, are allowed to roam the streets long after they should be in bed; while the youngsters who are less fortunately situated would in most cases be asleep if they were at home after 9 o'clock in the summer and 8 o'clock in the winter, and would, therefore, be unaffected by their surroundings. The idea advanced that any plan seeking to better the condition of children should begin with an effort to improve the conditions of their homes, is a good one, but in the meantime the existence and enforcement of a law which would give the young idea more chances to profit by the developing effects of sleep cannot fail to prove beneficial.

News of the probable recovery of ex-Secretary Sherman has been thankfully received. The outcome of a fight against pneumonia is always uncertain even when the patient has youth on his side; but at the age of seventy-six the chances for recovery are reduced to a minimum, and the fact that Mr. Sherman's condition is improving shows the wonderful vigor of Ohio's venerable statesman.

The dangers arising from American competition in the far east has been discussed at length in a Vienna paper, which remarks upon the rarity of American vessels in Turkish harbors during recent years to 1897, and sees in the new line of steamers between Constantinople and New York a promise of a growth of intercourse. The paper warns Austria-Hungary and other industrial countries of the danger with which American exports threaten them, and concludes: "When the Americans once secure a hold of the markets in the Levant, their vast resources and business capacity and the energy and vigilance of their consuls will give them the lead in many classes of goods."

A good deal of time has been wasted during the past six months in explaining and defending the conduct of various officers who took part in the recent war, and so far no decision has been arrived at which has satisfactorily determined the standing of those concerned. In the meantime, a fact which remains undisputed is that a splendid victory was won under most adverse circumstances by an army and navy so magnificently trained that had the officers fallen in the several battles, the men alone might have won the day. Such being the case, while it is hard that every officer, soldier and sailor who took part in the war, should not have his individual share of credit, it seems more than a pity that the present discussions should be prolonged, especially as no one seems to run any chance of being benefited thereby.

BRUTALLY ASSAULTED.

Mrs. Philip Mickens in a Serious Condition.

ATTACKED NEAR THE CITY PARK.

Her Assailant Struck Her Repeatedly in the Face and Breast and Left Her Lying Unconscious and Bleeding in a Stairway —Matter not Reported to the Police.

Mrs. Philip A. Mickens, a colored woman residing at 50 East Charles street, was assaulted by a man near the city park early Wednesday evening. Her assailant struck her with his fist on the face and breast, knocking her down several times. Her screams for help were not answered, and the man easily got away, leaving Mrs. Mickens lying in a hallway bleeding from numerous wounds and almost unconscious

"I don't know how I got home," she told her husband, who found her resting on a bed when he arrived at his residence at 10 o'clock. Mr. Mickens is employed as the driver of an express wagon, and it is usually necessary for him to be out late. "I don't know who it was who assaulted me," continued Mrs. Mickens, "but he was perfect brute. He did not pay any attention to me when I prayed to be let go. After that last blow in the face I don't what happened. The next thing I knew I was at home."

Mrs. Mickens is in a serious condition today. Her face is covered with cuts and bruises. She was unable to walk this morning. For some reason, the matter was not reported to the police.

NOTICED THIS BEFORE.

You Probably Have, and May Have Spoken About It.

The reader of this newspaper, if he takes the time and trouble to look carefully through its columns, will probably find half a dozen statements tacked onto the foot of reading notices about medicinal preparations. Note this fact. In each and every case, as far as Massillon is concerned; as far as the reader's knowledge of the party is concerned, he might just as well live in the moon. Make another note of this. The only remedy on the market which gives testimony at home, local proof in every town and city in the Union, to back up its claims, is Doan's Kidney Pills. They all try it, but they cannot do it. Why they are unable to do it can safely be left with the reader to draw his own conclusions Here is Massillon proof for Massillon readers: Mrs Thomas Leahy, mother of Mrs. Thos Hagan. No 328 Erie street, with whom she makes her home, says: "I am now 72 years of age and have lived in the city the greater part of my life. I had lagrippe some years ago and it affected my kidneys, causing backache a good part of the time, pains in the sides over the hips and up to the shoulders, particularly when I stooped over It was more severe in changeable weather or when I took a slight cold, and it got so bad that when the doctors found they could not relieve me they said. Oh, you are too old, we can't help you.' My daughter got a box of Doan's Kidney Pills at Baltzly's drug store, thinking they would do me some good They did, and that in a very short time. I have found them so beneficial that I can recommend them with great pleasure If Doan's Kidney Pills will help a person of my age I am quite sure they will help anyone."

For sale by all dealers, price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. sole agents for the United States

Remember the name DOAN'S and take no substitute.

DEATH COMES SUDDENLY

Frank Hauenstein Seized With a Fatal Headache.

FUNERAL SATURDAY AFTERNOON.

Went Home from Work at Noon and Suffered Intensely Until Seven O'clock, When He Became Unconscious—Death of Mrs. J. B Porter, of Canal Fulton.

Frank Hauenstein, aged 18 years, youngest son of Mrs. Catherine Hauenstein, of 592 North Mill street, at noon, Wednesday, returned home from work with a headache that grew more and more severe as the afternoon advanced. At 7 o'clock he became unconscious, and at 9:30 o'clock in the evening he died. Dr. Smith said that the bursting of a blood vessel in his brain was the cause of death.

The deceased was employed in the bolt-making department of Russell & Co.'s works. He had always been strong and healthy, never until yesterday having had any illness. The funeral services will be held at the residence at 1 o'clock and at the Presbyterian church at 1:30 o'clock, Saturday, the Rev. J. F. Clokey officiating.

MRS. JOHN B. PORTER.

CANAL FULTON, March 23.—Mrs. John B. Porter died at 5 o'clock Wednesday evening of pneumonia. The death of her husband occurred but a few days ago. Mrs. Porter was so ill at the time that she was unable to attend the funeral. She was 70 years old. Funeral services will be held at the residence at 10 o'clock and at the Presbyterian church at 11 o'clock, tomorrow. The Rev. Mr. Elliott will officiate.

NEWS FROM NEARBY TOWNS.

PINN NEWS.

PINN, March 25.—Mrs. John Steele is much worse again. Her son, the Rev. James Steele, of Tiffin, came to her bedside on Monday, bringing his family with him.

Peter Hoffman, who was injured in the Pocock mine by a fall of coal, while bearing under, will be unable to work for several weeks to come.

Henry Shoulder was in this section yesterday to buy cattle.

The winter term of school closed Friday. The spring term begins next week. Mr. Ralston will succeed Mr. Walters as teacher.

Some of our young people, who attended the Pigeon Run literary, report it not up to the standard. The crowd was so large that it was uncontrollable.

George R. Snavely spent Friday in the Chapel district on business. He also visited the Pigeon Run school, which closed on that day.

Miss Ivy Sowers and Frank Guise are visiting with friends near Cleveland.

CANAL FULTON, March 23.—Twenty-five friends of Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Buckmaster, who soon will move to Akron, called at their home very unexpectedly Wednesday evening. They came to offer their farewells and to present them with a handsome rocker.

THE ZOAR SOCIETY.

The Work of Settling the Affairs of the Community in Progress.

The community known as the Zoarites had a representative in this city yesterday in the person of W. F. King, of Zoar. The people composing this community are on the eve of dissolving and each individual representative is now hustling for his pro rata equity in the general land and savings fund. Mr. King was looking up papers, deeds, and charts pertaining to and belonging to the society, but refused to talk or give any particulars in reference to the existing status of affairs. Those who are leaving the community and who are now trying to secure a share of the property base their claims on the plea that the place was always to be run as a community, and that as soon as it dissolves or disestablishes itself the property reverts to the original owners or their heirs. This law applies as well to minors who have attained their majority since the order for disestablishment was passed, it is claimed. To those young persons who have worked all their lives on the farms with the hope of eventually becoming members of the settlement association, it is considered nothing more than right that they should be a considered feature in the deal. The exact legal method by which the above will be brought to pass Mr. King refused to disclose.—Cleveland Leader.

THE EIGHTH'S DEAD.

All the Graves but Two Located Without Trouble.

Major Weybrecht, of Alliance, has just received the following letter from Dr. Carling, who is stationed at Santiago, regarding the removal of the dead of the Eighth Ohio:

"Captain Diebler and Lieutenant R Robinson arrived here safely and immediately went to work to arrange about disinterring the bodies of the men of your regiment, who died in Cuba. I paid a visit to both camps in company with Capt. Diebler and all the graves on the opposite hill were located. We also locate the grave on San Juan Hill as well as the other two in Santiago. At Siboney Capt. Diebler found the graves of all but two men, and they will certainly be found on the next visit. As your representatives experienced some little difficulty in making arrangements for an early departure for home, I called upon Gen. Wood, Col. Howard and Major Knight and induced them to give the Eighth Ohio men first place if possible. I am quite sure everything will now be attended to promptly, and Capt. Diebler and Lieut. Robinson can soon leave for home after having completed their arduous task."

CANTON AND COURT HOUSE.

Divorce Case of Former Residents of Massillon.

CANTON, March 23.—Catharine Fashbaugh, by her attorneys, Baldwin & Young, of Massillon, has filed a petition in common pleas court for divorce, with alimony, from John Fashbaugh. They were married in Massillon in 1884, and have three children. The petition charges the defendant with habitual drunkenness and non-support, asks for the custody of the children, and that the court restrain him from disposing of his property and the H. B. Camp Company from paying him his earnings. The plaintiff also charges the defendant with entering into an agreement with her mother whereby he received $500 in cash, in return for which he was to furnish plaintiff's mother with half her support and pay her $15 a year, all of which, it is alleged, defendant has failed to do.

Homer V. Briggle, guardian of Martha J. Winning, has filed a petition in common pleas court against Louis H Bloomfield and others, to collect $620 43 and interest, alleged to be due his ward.

In the estate of Clara Shilling, of Massillon, private sale of real estate has been ordered

First partial account in the estate of Charles Landis, of Canton, has been filed.

The Indemnity Savings and Loan Company, of Cleveland, has filed a petition in court against Joseph and Anne Ertle to collect $758.10, alleged to be due on a mortgage deed. Petition also asks that Aaron, Wilson, Samuel and Lee Graber be compelled to show priority of lien on property involved.

The following candidates for office in Massillon have filed their accounts of expenses incurred at the primary elections: C. A. Kouth, Democrat, candidate for council in second ward, nothing; Lewis H. Bamberger, Democrat, candidate for constable, $6 00; William McMillan, Republican, candidate for justice of the peace, $6.50.

Mrs. George was in court Thursday when commissioners were appointed to take depositions in South Dakota and Iowa for the trial, which will begin April 4. Owing to the inability of attorneys to agree on the commissioners, Judge Taylor appointed Judge Frank R. Aikens, of Sioux Falls, to take depositions at Canton, S. D., and August Treger at Sioux City and Inwood, Ia. Judge Aiken has telegraphed that he would accept, and has already qualified. The trial will begin April 4, before Judge Taylor.

The examination of the county treasury has been completed, and cash and books were found in perfect condition. Of the cash on hand, $42,154.18 is credited to the county, and $98,006.41 to Canton city. The examiners highly compliment Treasurer T. H. Smith on the excellent manner in which the affairs of his responsible office have been conducted.

CANTON AND COURT HOUSE.

Revolver Found Which was Used in the Murder of Saxton.

CANTON, March 25.—The revolver with which Mrs. George is alleged to have shot George Saxton is now in the possession of Prosecutor Pomerene, having been found under a culvert in Elgin avenue. The prosecutor refuses to make any statement concerning it, further than to admit the finding of the weapon, and to call attention to the fact that in the preliminary hearing of the case before Justice Reigner evidence was introduced tending to show that the woman who did the shooting went north through a vacant lot, and in the direction of Elgin avenue. It is finally settled that Attorney J. J. Grant will be appointed to assist in the prosecution of the case.

In the damage case of Emanuel Bowe against the Diebold Safe and Lock Company, in which plaintiff brought suit for $15,000 for damages sustained while in the employ of defendant, claiming carelessness and negligence on the part of the company, the jury rendered a verdict in favor of plaintiff for $2,500.

A petition has been filed in common pleas court by Lewis Hinderer, of Massillon, through his attorneys, Baldwin & Young, to collect a note of $179.04 from C. F. and Alice VonKanel and others. The note is secured by mortgage upon real estate.

In the estate of George Young, of Massillon, the widow has elected to take under the will.

Inventory and appraisment has been ordered in the estate of Henry Wilhelm, of Massillon.

The will of B. J. Eberwein, of Massillon, has been filed for probate.

John C. Diehl, of Alliance, teller of the Alliance Savings Bank and secretary of the Alliance Pant Company and the Alliance Building and Loan Company, made an assignment yesterday to D. E. Rogers. Assets are placed at $7,000, liabilities not given. It is charged that Diehl has forged stock of the Building and Loan Company to the amount of $,5000.

Recommended for La Grippe.

N. Jackson, Danville, Ill., writes: "My daughter had a severe attack of la grippe seven years ago, and since then whenever she takes cold a terrible cough settles on her lungs We tried a great many remedies without giving relief. She tried Foley's Honey and Tar, which cured her she has never been troubled with a cough since." 25c. Rider & Snyder.

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup seems especially adapted to the needs of the children. Pleasant to take; soothing in its influence. It is the remedy of all remedies for every form of throat and lung disease.

The Best Salve in the World

Is Banner Salve. It is made from a prescription by a world wide known skin specialist and is positively the most healing salve for piles, burns, scalds, ulcers, running sores and all skin diseases. Rider & Snyder.

Now is the time to subscribe.

S. WHITING'S PLAN.

He Wants to Give Massillon Young Men Free Musical Education.

THEN ORGANIZE A BAND.

This Band He Will Take to the Toledo Exposition and to the Most Popular Parks of the Country—Says Nobody Pays Him.

Stanley Whiting, of New York, temporarily of Canton, came to Massillon, Saturday afternoon, to unfold a plan which he says is going to make him big money. Massillonians cannot understand how the money is to be made, but of course, that is no affair of theirs.

"I want," said Mr. Whiting, "to lay my hands on one hundred young men. I will give each on these young men an instrument and a musical education. My corps of instructors idcludes some of the most prominent musicians of the day, among them G. J. Couchois, general director; S. Contriscian, cornet virtuoso; Signor Crispini, teacher of the slide trombone: Emil Wosbeck, tuba: Frank Martin, cornet; Signor Peluso, euphonium. All this will not cost the pupils a cent. They will be given two hours' instruction every night. Then, when they are competent, I will take them on the road. I have contracts for furnishing music at several of the popular resorts of the country and at the Toledo exposition.

"I have a carload of instrumedts which I will bring here as soon as I have completed arrangements. These instruments I do not intend to sell to the pupils, but they are to have the free use of them while associated with me. I do not want trained musicians; my instructions can very shortly make musicians out of those I shall select. I shall also see that none of these young men lose their position while absent from the city with me. All will be well compensated."

Mr. Whiting went back to Canton Saturday evening, but will return on Monday and proceed to get his one hundred young men together.

EVERYTHING SETTLED.

Miners and Operators Hold a Joint Meeting.

THE DEAD WORK SCALE ADOPTED.

Quickly and Amicably Employers and Employes Come to an Agreement as to the Prices to Prevail During the Coming Year —Scale of 1898 Except Breakthroughs.

Representatives of Massillon miners and operators held a joint meeting in the office of the Warwick Coal Company Friday afternoon, at which all matters pertaining to the scale for the district were adjusted. President William Morgan, Vice President M. B. Evans, Secretary R. T. Jones, William Fairless and P. F. Dickerhoof, of the Massillon district branch of the organization, represented the miners. The operators present were J. P. Burton, the Hon. Anthony Howells, R. H. Wainwright and E. E. Fox, of this city; Mr. Golter, of E. G. Krause & Company, Cleveland; W. J. Mullins, Wooster, and J. M. Drake, Cleveland. Mr. Burton was the chairman of the meeting, and Mr. Jones the secretary.

The scale of prices for inside dead work for last year was adopted for this year with the following amendments:

The limit of length of break-throughs between rooms shall be thirteen and one-half feet; all in excess of this limit shall be paid for at the entry price.

The limit of length of break-throughs between entries shall be nine yards, and when in excess of that limit shall be paid for at entry price.

Pillars between entries and rooms shall be considered and paid for as entry pillar breakthroughs.

Five cents per ton in addition to the regular price shall be paid for room work or for pillars when night work is required.

The car limit clause of the scale shall be removed.

The most important items of the scale are: Mining, per ton, 66 cents; entry, single shift, $1.75; entry, double shift, $2; turning rooms, $1 65; all inside day labor by miners, $1.75

ATTEMPTED POISONING.

News has been sent out from Canal Dover of an attempted wholesale poisoning in a suburb known as "Italyville," the population of which is largely made up of employes of the Dover furnace. On Thursday when some of the residents went to the well from which they get their water supply a green powder was found scattered about the well. Suspicion was aroused and investigation proved that some fiend had poured a large quantity of Paris green into the well. The quantity was enough to have killed half of the town, and but for the portion spilled about the well a terrible calamity would have followed. There is no clew. There has been some little friction among several families and some believe this prompted the attempt at poisoning.

Every woman should know that there is a great home medical book that tells all about the reproductive physiology of women, and all about the home-treatment of diseases peculiar to the sex. This book contains 1008 pages and over 700 illustrations. It is called Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. It used to cost $1.50. Over seven hundred thousand people purchased it at that price and over 1,200,000 people now own copies of it. For a limited time copies will be given away free.

This great book contains the names, addresses, photographs and experiences of hundreds of women who were once hopeless invalids, but who have been restored to robust womanly health by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. This marvelous medicine acts directly on the delicate organs distinctly feminine. It makes them strong, healthy, vigorous, virile and elastic. It fits for wifehood and motherhood. It banishes the usual suffering of the expectant months, and makes baby's advent easy and almost painless. It robs motherhood of its perils. It insures the robust health of the little new-comer and a bountiful supply of nature's nourishment. It transforms weak, sickly, nervous invalids into healthy, happy wives and mothers. For a paper-covered copy of Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, send 21 one-cent stamps, *to cover cost of mailing only*, to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y. For elegant French cloth binding, 31 stamps.

Miss Edith Cain, of Clinton, Allegheny Co., Pa., writes: "After two years of suffering, I began taking Dr Pierce's Favorite Prescription and am now entirely cured. I had been troubled with female weakness for some time and also with a troublesome drain on the system, but now I am happy and well."

In cases of constipation and torpid liver, no remedy is equal to Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They regulate and invigorate the stomach, liver and bowels. They never fail. One little "Pellet" is a gentle laxative and two a mild cathartic. They never gripe. An honest dealer will not urge a substitute upon you.

WINE OF CARDUI

FOR ALL WOMEN

NINE-TENTHS of all the pain and sickness from which women suffer is caused by weakness or derangement in the organs of menstruation. Nearly always when a woman is not well these organs are affected. But when they are strong and healthy a woman is very seldom sick.

McELREE'S Wine of Cardui

Is nature's provision for the regulation of the menstrual function. It cures all "female troubles." It is equally effective for the girl in her teens, the young wife with domestic and maternal cares, and the woman approaching the period known as the "Change of Life." They all need it. They are all benefitted by it.

For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, the "Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

THOS. J. COOPER, Tupelo, Miss., says: 'My sister suffered from very irregular and painful menstruation and doctors could not relieve her. Wine of Cardui entirely cured her and also helped my mother through the Change of Life."

WINE OF CARDUI

K&K K&K K&K K&

DRS. K. & K.

The Leading Specialists of America
20 YEARS IN OHIO.
250,000 CURED.

WE CURE EMISSIONS

Nothing can be more demoralizing to young or middle-aged men than the presence of these "nightly losses." They produce weakness, nervousness, a feeling of disgust and a whole train of symptoms. They unfit a man for business, married life and social happiness. No matter whether caused by evil habits in youth, natural weakness or sexual excesses, our New Method Treatment will positively cure you.

NO CURE—NO PAY

Reader, you need help. Early abuse or later excesses may have weakened you. Exposure may have diseased you. You are not safe till cured. Our New Method will cure you. You run no risk.

250,000 CURED

Young Man—You are pale, feeble and haggard; nervous, irritable and excitable. You become forgetful, morose, and despondent; blotches and pimples, sunken eyes, wrinkled face, stooping form and downcast countenance reveal the blight of your existence.

WE CURE VARICOCELE

No matter how serious your case may be, or how long you may have had it, our NEW METHOD TREATMENT will cure it. The "wormy veins" return to their normal condition and hence the sexual organs receive proper nourishment. The organs become vitalized, all unnatural drains or losses cease and manly powers return. No temporary benefit, but a permanent cure assured. NO CURE, NO PAY. NO OPERATION NECESSARY. NO DETENTION FROM BUSINESS.

CURES GUARANTEED

We treat and cure SYPHILIS, GLEET, EMISSIONS, IMPOTENCY, STRICTURE, VARICOCELE, SEMINAL LOSSES, BLADDER AND KIDNEY diseases. CONSULTATION FREE. BOOKS FREE. CHARGES MODERATE. If unable to call, write for a QUESTION BLANK for HOME TREATMENT.

DRS.
KENNEDY & KERGAN
247 SUPERIOR STREET,
CLEVELAND, O.

K&K K&K K&K K&

THE INDEPENDENT Co. will print you anything you need in the line of job work.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

JOSEPH MEDILL.

Autobiographical Sketch Written for The Independent.

INDUSTRY AND ABILITY.

Mr. Medill Labored Under Many Disadvantages, and Obtained his Education by the Exercise of Self Denial and Application.

A number of years ago, F. L Baldwin, of this city, while in Chicago handed the late Joseph Medill a copy of THE INDEPENDENT containing a sketch of the life of the famous editor of the Chicago Tribune. Subsequently Mr. Medill wrote the letter which is given below, and which will be found self-explanatory. At the time the letter was received a copy was made and given to R. P. Skinner, then editor of THE INDEPENDENT. When Mr. Medill's death was announced an unsuccessful attempt was made to find this copy, the existence of which was known. Mr. Baldwin was then not in the city. Immediately upon his return he furnished THE INDEPENDENT with the original:

EDITORIAL ROOMS,
THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE,
CHICAGO, July 23, 1888.

Mr. Baldwin.

DEAR SIR—I mail you a copy of the Tribune to which I referred. I found in THE MASSILLON INDEPENDENT which you handed me a personal sketch. I was surprised to find it, as I was not aware that anyone in Massillon except yourself knew that I was at Springhill. There were one or two errors in the notice which I wish to correct for your information. My law reading was not under Mr. Folger, of Massillon, except for a short time. I taught school one winter in Bethlehem and Mr. Folger let me have Walker's "Introduction to American Law," which I read that winter after school hours. I had not at that time fully determined to take a course of law reading, but thought Walker would be a useful educational exercise, as it proved to be. After I finished Walker, I concluded to go on farther, and I became a law student of Griswold & Grant, of Canton, as that place was five miles nearer to my father's farm than Massillon and, therefore, there would be less time lost in going there every fortnight for examination than to Massillon; besides, I wanted to attend the terms of court to become acquainted with the routine. I kept this up over two years, but only was certified for half the time, as I had to work on the farm so steadily that I could find time to read but little for whole months in the summer. Finally, concluding to locate in New Philadelphia, I spent the last eight or nine months in Belden's office there and was admitted to the bar in November, 1847. I lived and practiced there in partnership with George W. McIlvaine (afterwards judge) until November, 1849. Then I went to Coshocton, where I bought the Whig, changed its name to the Republican, and published it two years, selling it in 1851. From there I went to Cleveland to establish the Morning Forest City, which, a year or two later, I consolidated with the Free Democrat, the free soil organ, under the name of the Leader, which I, in part, edited and owned till January, 1855, when, learning of a chance to purchase a third part of the Chicago Tribune, I sold out my share in the Leader to Mr. Cowles, the present proprietor, and moved to Chicago, where I have been ever since.

In 1842 or '43 I attended the Massillon Academy school four or five months. Arvine Wales also attended, and one or both of Skinner's sons, one or both of Watson's sons and, I think, his daughter, a nephew of Robert Folger, James, and fifty or sixty other boys. I taught school one or two winters in Navarre and attended the Massillon Lyceum, taking an active part. That was the time THE INDEPENDENT refers to—perhaps in 1845-6.

My father left St. John, New Brunswick, near where I was born, for St. Louis, in the spring of 1832—fifty-six years ago, but the cholera raged so fatally along the Ohio canal and at St. Louis at the time that he debarked from the canal packet boat at Massillon, intending to remain there until the plague had abated and then go on to St. Louis. But he took a fancy for Massillon, which was a very lively place, populated by energetic and pleasant people, and remained there until 1838—six years, when he bought a farm in Pike township, and removed his family, selling out his Massillon property to pay for it; and I toiled at agriculture till 1846 studying at home all I could and hunting up some teacher at Canton to recite to or help me out of hard places in mathematics, Latin, chemistry, natural philosophy, law, etc. It was hard work, and what education I obtained came by self denial and application. For lack of the opportunity of acquiring a regular education, I have labored since under many disadvantages that have more or less crippled me, but I am fairly well satisfied with the final outcome, to date.

I have never written a similar sketch for anybody. File it away, and when I drop out let that enterprising young Skinner have it as data from which to make his biographical sketch of his father's schoolmate and old Massillon friend. J. MEDILL.

POWELL PROPERTY SOLD.

Joseph Schneider and Frederick Hess Buy Most of It.

The sale of the real estate of the late Richard Powell was conducted Saturday morning, Administrator L. A. Koons, sr., being in charge. Turenne Getz was the auctioneer, and L. A. Koons, jr., the clerk. The Main street property, the first building east of the canal on the south side, which was owned jointly by Mr. Powell and the heirs of the late Abel James, was sold as a whole to Frederick Hess for $6,000.

Joseph Schneider bought the Major saloon building, in Exchange street, for $1,750.

Mrs. Martha Powell, widow of Richard Powell, purchased the two vacant West Cherry street lots for $1,500

The Akron street house and lot went to Mrs. Wilhelmina Koontz for $550.

The four West Tremont street lots were not sold, there being no bidders

If you have a cough, throat irritation, weak lungs, pain in the chest, difficult breathing, croup or hoarseness, let us suggest One Minute Cough Cure. Always reliable and safe. Rider & Snyder.

The Massillon Market.

The following prices are paid by Massillon merchants today:

GRAIN, HAY, STRAW AND WOOL.	
Wheat	70
Hay, per ton	4 00 to 5 00
Straw, per ton	4 50
Corn	35-37
Oats	25-27
Clover Seed	3 00
Timothy Seed	1 00 to 1 15
Rye, per bu	$ 40
Barley	40
Flax seed	1 25
Wool	15 to 18
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.	
Potatoes, per bushel	50
Onions, per bushel	65
Beets, per bushel	60
Apples	1 00
Cabbage, per dozen	50
Dried peaches, peeled	08 to 10
Dried peaches, unpeeled	04 to 05
Evaporated apples	08 to 10
Onions	65
White beans	1 25
BUTTER, EGGS AND POULTRY.	
Butter	18
Eggs	10
Chickens, live	07
Chickens, dressed	10
Turkeys, live	08
Turkeys, dressed	14
MEATS AND CHEESE.	
Sausage	06
Spare Ribs	06
Backbone	06
Ham	09
Shoulder	05
Lard	05½
Sides	06 to 07
Cheese	11
The following are retail prices:	
Bran, per 100 lbs	85
Middlings per 100 lbs	90

"Give me a liver regulator and I can regulate the world," said a genius The druggist handed him a bottle of DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous little pills. Rider & Snyder.

For a quick remedy and one that is perfectly safe for children let us recommend One Minute Cough Cure. It is excellent for croup, hoarseness, tickling in the throat and coughs. Rider & Snyder,

Burdock Blood Bitters gives a man a clear head, an active brain, a strong, vigorous body—makes him fit for the battle of life.

J. Sheer, Sedalia, Mo., conductor on electric street car line, writes that his little daughter was very low with croup, and her life saved after all physicians had failed, only by using One Minute Cough Cure. Rider & Snyder.

Before the discovery of One Minute Cough Cure, ministers were greatly disturbed by coughing congregations. No excuse for it now. Rider & Snyder.

Frost Bites and Chilblains

Quickly cured by Banner Salve, the most healing remedy in the world. Rider & Snyder.

For frost bites, burns, indolent sores, eczema, skin disease and especially piles, DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve stands first and best. Look out for dishonest people who try to imitate and counterfeit it. It's their endorsement of a good article. Worthless goods are not imitated. Get DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Rider & Snyder.

Recommended for La Grippe.

N. Jackson, Danville, Ill., writes: My daughter had a severe attack of lagrippe seven years ago and since then whenever she takes cold a terrible cough settles on her lungs. We tried a great many remedies without giving relief. She tried Foley's Honey and Tar which cured her. She has never had trouble with a cough since. 25c. and 50c.—Rider & Snyder.

Not one child dies where ten formerly died from croup. People have learned the value of One Minute Cough Cure and use it for severe lung and throat troubles. It immediately stops coughing. It never fails. Rider & Snyder.

What Is Shiloh?

A grand old remedy for Coughs, Colds and Consumption; used through the world for half a century, has cured innumerable cases of incipient consumption and relieved many in advanced stages. If you are not satisfied with the results we will refund your money. Price 25 cts., 50 cts. and $1.00—For sale by Rider & Snyder.

The plague of '99—La Grippe.
The destroyer of LaGrippe—Miles' Nervine.

PLAN OF BATTLE.

Major Simpson Makes a Map of Saturday's Battle.

DISPOSITION OF TROOPS.

A Large Force of Insurgents Caught Between Two Lines of Americans—Must Surrender or be Cut to Pieces.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

WASHINGTON, March 25.—Major Simpson, chief of the bureau of military information, was busy during the day taking fragmentary information of the movements here and there of battalions and brigades and so assembling them as to give on a military map the complete picture of today's operations as follows: Back of Manila, seven miles from the water front, sweeps a great semicircle of American troops. This arc, about twenty miles long, embraces 21,000 men, cut midway by the Pasig river, which forms a natural military division The south arc is under Major General Lawton, who has just arrived in the Philippines. Until now this has been the field of activity, with Wheaton's wing column beating back the insurgents. But today Lawton's forces are idle, and the scene of activity shifted to the north of the river. Here a partial circle of American troops sweeps from the water works around to the bay. Major General McArthur is in command of all the troops north of the river, and these are roughly estimated at 14,000 men, the others being with Lawton on the south, before the battle began today.

McArthur's forces were divided into three main bodies. Far to the right, near the water works, was Hale's brigade. Far to the left, about Caloocan, were the brigades of Otis and Wheaton, the latter having been drawn from Lawton's forces on the south, in order to strengthen McArthur's command for this operation. Between the two was the brigade of Hall, held as reserve to demonstrate, but not to attack. Hale's brigade, as shown on the military map, was made up of the Third Nebraska, First South Dakota, First Wyoming, First Colorado and Battery B, of the Utah artillery. Brigadier General Otis's command, on the left, was made up of the Twentieth Kansas, First Montana, Tenth Pennsylvania, a battalion of the Twenty-third infantry, and Battery A, of the Utah artillery. These are the troops, with the additional force of Wheaton and some recent arrivals possibly not yet reported, which sustained the brunt of action today.

With this approximate disposition of the forces, Major Simpson took the official dispatch from General Otis, pointed out the probable line of action today. It began with McArthur moving rapidly northward to Novaliches, passing the insurgent forces on the left. On reaching Novaliches McArthur turned to the west, intending to make a forced march of seven miles to Pelo, given as Polo in dispatches. By this movement McArthur's forces were carried outside the insurgent base of operations This base is at Malabon, midway between McArthur's forces at Pelo and the combined forces of Otis and Wheaton at Caloocan. Thus the rebels were flanked and between two strong bodies of American troops To the west of them is Manila bay, cutting off their retreat in that direction and to the east the forces of Hall, or Hale, as reported by Major General Otis, are demonstrating in order to prevent an insurgent movement towards the east. They are thus left between two main bodies of American troops and must engage either one or the other of them. Major General Otis's plan, as shown by his dispatch, is to have the brigades of Wheaton advance towards those of McArthur, thus gradually enclosing the rebels between two parallel lines until they are either crushed or made prisoners.

The two opposing forces appear to be about evenly matched in number, the estimated American force north of the river being about 14,000, while General Otis places the insurgents at about 12,000. Major General Otis, in supreme command, is directing the operations from the central telegraph station. The actual field movements are being executed by Major General McArthur, who is in person leading his brigade in its decisive move to flank and surround the rebel forces.

Indianapolis—Oscar Gardner and Eugene Bezenah fought two rounds, to a draw. Lively match, with honors even.

Washington—Ex-Governor Fletcher, of Missouri, died here Saturday afternoon.

New York—Rudyard Kipling's condition is improving daily.

San Francisco.—Transport Zealandia will sail Tuesday for Manila with the Ninth regiment.

Cleveland—Johnny Lavack, noted pugilist, has given notice that he has retired from the ring.

The Rush for Gold.

From the Times, Bluffs, Ill.

The rush of gold seekers to the Klondike brings thrilling memories to the "forty-niners" still alive, of the time when they girdled the continent or faced the terrors of the great American desert on the journey to the land of gold. These pioneers tell some experiences which should be heeded by gold seekers of to-day. Constant exposure and faulty diet killed large numbers, while nearly all the survivors were afflicted with disease, many of them with rheumatism. Such a sufferer was Adam Vangundy, who now resides at Bluffs, Ill., where he has been justice of the peace and was the first president of the board of trustees. In a recent interview he said: "I had been a sufferer of rheumatism for a number of years and the pain at times was very intense. I tried all the proprietary medicines I could think or hear of, but received no relief.

"A Forty-niner."

"I finally placed my case with several physicians and doctored with them for some time, but they failed to do me any good. Finally, with my hopes of relief nearly exhausted I read an article regarding Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, which induced me to try them. I was anxious to get rid of the terrible disease and bought two boxes of the pills, I began using them about March, 1897. After I had taken two boxes I was completely cured, and the pain has never returned. I think it is the best medicine I have ever taken, and am willing at any time to sign my name to any testimony setting forth its good merits."

(Signed) ADAM VANGUNDY.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 29th day of September, A. D. 1897.

FRANKLIN C. FUNK, *Notary Public.*

Mr. Vangundy's statement ought to be regarded as a criterion of the good merits of these pills, and what better proof could a person want than the above facts. These pills stand unrivalled as a tonic for the blood.

Modern Science Recognizes

RHEUMATISM

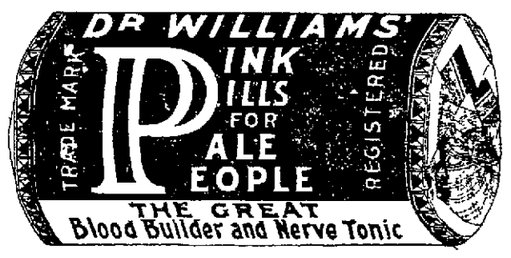
as a disease of the Blood.

There is a popular idea that this disease is caused by exposure to cold, and that some localities are infected with it more than others. Such conditions frequently promote the development of the disease, but from the fact that this ailment runs in certain families, it is shown to be hereditary, and consequently a disease of the blood.

External applications, therefore, may afford temporary relief, but to cure the disease it is necessary to treat it through the blood.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People go directly to the seat of the disorder, purifying and enriching the blood by eliminating poisonous elements and renewing health-giving forces.

The genuine are never sold loose by the dozen but always in packages like this.



At all druggists or sent postpaid by the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N.Y.

Price Fifty cents per box.

WON'T STAND FIRE.

The Filipinos Will Fight Only When Under Cover.

FEW AMERICANS KILLED.

Parting Injunction of the Wounded as They Left for the Manila Hospital—The Insurgents Suffer a Heavy Loss.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

MANILA, March 26. 8:15 a. m.—Twenty-six dead and one hundred and fifty wounded and in the hospital, is the statement of American losses in the engagement with the Filippinos The day's fighting furnished a specimen of the difficulties with which the Americans have to contend The Filippinos never, except opposite Malabon, permitted their opponents to get within several hundred yards of them. They would fire a few volleys from their cover and then scatter back to another cover, repeating these tactics for miles. Many of the trenches had gullies and connecting paths through cane and brush, enabling them to retreat unseen. The problem the Americans have to face is to drive or lure the insurgents to fight in force. The trenches seem thinly manned, except in the vicinity of Malabon. The Americans, fighting a hidden foe, suffered greater loss in proportion than did the enemy. The loss of the Filippinos has been estimated from the number of bodies found scattered in the swamps and through the brush. A larger percentage of the enemy's wounded died than of the Americans and many perished from neglect, the Americans naturally attending to their own men first.

The wounded, after treatment in the field hospitals, were brought to the Manila hospital by train. Several trips were made from Caloocan to the city. The first load to start for the city was composed largely of bandaged soldiers, who shouted, "Give 'em hell, boys" The gunboat Helena and two army gunboats command Malabon, but the authorities desire to avoid smashing the town, where there is much valuable property belonging to foreigners, and where are located the warehouses of most of the Manila firms.

FOR Easter Buyers

Time to Think of Your Easter Suit.

We have picked the most stylish outfits we could find, quality of cloth, linings, and workmanship, all of the best, the very best. Concerning prices—well, from $6.00 to $25 00

Separate Skirts May Interest You.

Cost of goods, cost of linings, and cost of making. Figure it out on any of these ready-to-wear skirts, and you'll wonder at the lowness of price for the finished skirt The prices from $1.00 to $15.00 offer a splendid selection. SHIRT WAISTS. Come in here, we have them. Elegant Silk Waists. All kinds of Wash Waists.

HUMBERGERS'.

Warwick Block, Massillon.

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The Mightiest Writers

Are those who do the actual work in the vast correspondence of a nation. In this work one

Smith Premier Typewriter

Is equal to scores of pens. The Pen has given place to the Modern Writer, The Smith Premier, the machine typical of progress, the acknowledged

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NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

Miss Jennie Williams is visiting Dalton friends.

Mrs William Knight is visiting Canal Fulton relatives.

Miss Catherine Harrington, of Salem, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. P. L. Harrington.

A Farmers telephone has been placed in the hardware store of Zintsmaster & Fisher at Navarre

Miss Gertrude Kaylor, of Beach City, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Meyers, in South Erie street.

Mrs. Edward Christman, of Bentlyville, Pa., is visiting friends and relatives in and about Massillon.

Miss Margaret Folger, daughter of Captain William M. Folger, of the cruiser New Orleans, is a guest at the Folger residence in Prospect street.

The mayor's order concerning the nickel-in-the-slot machines has been generally obeyed. So far as is known, there are none in operation in Massillon today.

Miss Dessie M. Kittinger and Frank Gossman, of East Greenville, were married by the Rev. C. M. Roberts at St. Timothy's rectory on Saturday afternoon.

A. Schrock, of Canal Fulton, asks THE INDEPENDENT to say that he is still the proprietor of the Fulton pit car works. It was reported that he had sold out to A. L. Klaus.

A Massillon party, consisting of Mr. and Mrs E R Albrecht, Mrs. Eleanor Russell, the Misses Laura and Harriet Russell, returned from Pittsburg Saturday evening.

Mr. Harvey S Shroyer, of Sparta, O., and Miss Grace E. Bader, of Bolivar, were married at the home of the Rev. D. G. Davidson, in Navarre, on Wednesday, March 22.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Ruthrof, of Crestline, are the guests of the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Michael Switter. Mr. Ruthrof is a fireman on a Pennsylvania passenger train.

Word comes from Cleveland that Robert Deja, formerly of this city, who was recently badly scalded by the explosion of a boiler, has passed the turning point and is now recovering.

A boiler exploded at the North Massillon mine, owned by the Ridgway Burton Company, at an early hour Saturday morning, and George Hodgson, the fireman, was badly scalded.

Edgar Miller will leave Sunday evening for Columbus, from which place he will go to Chicago to assume the duties of mail weigher on the B. & O. railway, to which he was recently appointed.

Because of the destruction of the Methodist church of Barnesville by fire, the East Ohio Methodist conference will be held in the First Methodist church in Akron, the first week in September.

Mrs. Desda Binford, of Alliance, has brought suit in the Mahoning county courts against Peter Binford, her father-in-law, claiming damages in the sum of $15,000 for the alienation of her husband's affections.

Henry A. Miller has been given a regular run on the Canton-Massillon electric line, succeeding Motorman Frank Hadie, who takes a position in the Canton car-barn. Mr. Miller has been one of the extras for but a short time.

Owing to a blunder on the part of the Democratic central committeeman at Newark, the entire Democratic ticket will be thrown out at the coming election, and the Republican candidates for municipal offices will have no opposition.

The Herald say that one thousand men are now employed in the Lorain shipyard. The same paper is authority for the statement that twelve brick blocks will be erected in one street of that thriving city during the coming summer.

T. Jacob Fribley, formerly one of the proprietors of a Massillon drug store, has resigned his position with a Canal Fulton concern, and, it is said, will shortly leave for the West. Alvin Simmons, formerly with G. B. Fulton, of Massillon, has succeeded Mr. Fribley.

A Youngstown dispatch says: "The general committee arranging for the Elks' carnival and industrial exposition, to be held here the week of June 19, today sent a cablegram to Admiral Dewey, the greatest Elk in the herd, to accept the hospitality of the Elks, and tendering him the freedom of the city during the entire week."

John Paul and son have disposed of their meat market, in West Main street, to John Stahl. Mr. Stahl will take possession of the stand on Monday. John Paul will remain in the city, while J. R Paul, the junior member of the firm, will take charge of his father's business interests in Uhrichsville.

As Frank Hose, who resides in West Tremont street, was returning from the Wednesday evening service at Faith chapel, he was attacked and badly bitten in the hand by a vicious dog Dr. Pfouts cauterized the wound, and anticipates no serious results. The dog, which belonged to Mrs. John Lowe, was dispatched by Officer McGuire this morning.

The receiver of the First National bank, of Lisbon, has brought suit against Judge N. B. Billingsley to collect $38,000 alleged to be due the bank. Judge Billingsley has filed an answer, in which he claims that the receiver has not placed the proper construction on the books of the bank as found by him, and says that the bank owes him over $2 000.

Motorman Watkins's car had almost crossed the C., L. & W. tracks Saturday evening, when, by the failure of the power, it came to a standstill in front of a northbound freight. The train, which fortunately was not running at a high rate of speed, collided with the rear end of the helpless car, breaking off a step, but not otherwise seriously injuring it nor its occupants, beyond a slight shaking up.

Richard Edwards, manager of the West Main street grocery of Morgan & Co., is a Republican candidate for councilman from the second ward, E. L. Hering having recently retired Recent developments in Mr Hering's business will necessitate his absence from the city much of the time in the future, and he fears that he would be unable to look after the office were he elected.

The annual report of the Hon. William Beatley, grand keeper of records and seals of Ohio Knights of Pythias, is just out. It shows a great increase in the order in this state during the year. The number of members in Ohio on January 1, 1899, was 55,972; subordinate lodges in Ohio, 663; cash on hand, $31,079.01; disbursed for sick benefits and other relief during the year, $135,703 74; total assets of Ohio lodges, $1,233,905 35.

The house and lot on the south side of East Main street, known as the Buckins property, was purchased on Wednesday, by William M. Reed, for $5 000. cash. Mr. and Mrs. Reed, at present occupy the adjoining house, They will make extensive repairs and improvements in their new property before moving into it. The size of the house will admit of its being remodeled according to the colonial style of architecture, a plan which its owners now have in contemplation.

The Genoa literary society held its final meeting last night, quite a number of Massillonians attending. The question of the evening "Resolved, That the United States Should Adopt an Imperialist Policy," was discussed b Messrs. John Harmon and Frank Doll on the affirmative, and Enos Stewart and William Allen on the negative, but for some unknown reason the judges did not render a decision. During the evening T. Marshall McDowell delivered several humorous recitations which were well received.

Benjamin Smith, who said he wanted to get to his home in Ft. Wayne, was assisted as far as Orrville by the township trustees yesterday. He is 83 years old His wife died suddenly in Lockport, N. Y., he said, just as they were preparing to leave for the railway station All the money he had with him was needed for the burial expenses. Smith appeared so badly crippled with rheumatism that he was scarcely able to walk. This affliction had come upon him suddenly, also, he stated, while visiting in Lockport.

The Rev. J. C. Chapman under date of Youngstown, March 24, writes THE INDEPENDENT as follows: "Please say to my numerous friends that after a hard ten days' wrestle with pneumonia, I am now able to dress and walk around my room, thank God. He is more powerful than any disease, and at His word all must yield I was stricken in an instant, and my temperature ran up to 104½ and stayed at that for twelve hours. The doctor said: 'This is a doubtful case. If he was a young man it would be different.' But God brought me through all right. Glory to his name."

WE PUBLISH THE STORY

Of Another Wonderful Cure of Backache for the Benefit of Massillon People.

Morrow's Kid-ne-oids receive the highest possible praise from an Elkhart, Ind., business man. If Morrow's Kid-ne-oids were not a worthy remedy, or the remedy we claim them to be, it would be impossible to get people living in Elkhart to praise them. Geo. Towman, the barber at Main and Franklin St, has much to say for them and stronger language could not be used. Here is what he says, word for word.

"I doubt very much if there are many people living who have suffered worse with kidney complaint and lived than I have. My condition had gradually been growing worse for years notwithstanding the fact that I have used much patent medicine as well as being treated by physicians, which cost me lots of money Only two months ago I paid a large doctor bill for which I had received not one particle of benefit. My condition has been so bad at times I have had to quit work for a week or more, the pain through the small of my back was so intense that it seemed to me as if I were dying by inches This condition made me so nervous, by spells I was unable to hold a razor steady. The kidney secretions were highly discolored and accompanied by a scalding pain in its passage; this showed an excessiveness of uric acid. No one could blame me for being completely discouraged. I had begun to believe that my condition was a hopeless one until hope took the place of despair through reading of the many cures effected by Morrow's Kid-ne-oids. I could no more than fail (which I had been doing right along, although taking treatment from physicians and paying doctor bills), if I gave the Kid-ne-oids a trial. I bought two boxes to start with; it seems almost incredible when I say that I began to get better in a day, but such is the case. Inside of a week my condition was more improved than it had been for years from other treatment. Today my backache has entirely disappeared, my nerves have grown steady and strong and I am perfectly free from urinary disturbances, notwithstanding the fact that I work hard all day. I am so elated over my present healthful condition that I suppose I have told and recommended Kid-ne-oids to over thirty of my customers. I made this statement for publication with the hope that those who read it will not delay one moment but will stop their suffering by using Kid-ne-oids at once, as I believe them to be the only cure for this complaint to be had."

The people of Massillon and surrounding country should be convinced at once through this statement and lose no time from being cured. Kid-ne-oids are Yellow Tablets (not pills), and are put up in wooden boxes, which contain enough for two weeks' treatment, and sell at fifty cents a box at F. E. Seaman's Drug Store.

A descriptive booklet will be mailed upon request, by John Morrow & Co., Chemists, Springfield, Ohio.

IN THE GAS BELT.

Prospects for Finding Gas and Oil in This Vicinity.

THE OPINIONS OF A GEOLOGIST.

In the Study of the Question the Consideration of Two Ages Only is Necessary, the Carboniferous and the Devonian—Our Chances are Good.

For the following article on the geological formation of the country hereabouts, considered in reference to the possible presence of oil and gas, THE INDEPENDENT is indebted to Dr. F. H. H. Pope, of Dalton:

Now that the prodromic symptoms of the outbreak of the oil and gas fever become daily more apparent, it may be of interest to give some of the reasons for the faith of the local geologists, for the finding of the to-be-sought-for in this locality.

For the full understanding of the subject, a fairly comprehensive knowledge of the geological formations of the several ages and epochs is presumed to be in possession of the reader, so that no time is necessary to be taken to lay out the basic premises. At any rate, only two ages are necessary to consider now, viz: the carboniferous, which feathers out and ceases a few miles west of us, with its sub-carboniferous, underlying as one, and the devonian or reptilian underlying.

These two ages were the great carbon life bearing periods, and the rocks of these ages are richer in fossils of such an atmosphere than any other. Mineral oil and gas are the results of decomposition of these fossils, changed conditions of the elements, proceeding from the times when they were buried in what since has become rocks. When set free, they obey the laws of gravity, and float above the denser elements in which they are submerged, until they reach an impervious material, usually rocks, beneath which they flow until they reach the highest elevation of such impervious rock, where, if there is an opening to the surface of the earth, either by way of a dyke or fracture, or shelving of the rock, they escape to form, if oil, the natural oil springs, if gas, what is known as fire damp to most people, carburetted hydrogen to the scientist. But if pent up from any cause, usually by a bending or dipping of the stratas, in such cases the oil and gases are held in receptacles so formed, which, if penetrated by the drill escape, or are pumped therefrom, and are known as oil wells of modern times.

The natural inquiry follows: Can we form any opinion as to where these receptacles can be located? Reasoning from known facts, the deduction is drawn that to a limited extent we can. Passing over the different epochs in the course of the formation of the different stratas, we must look at the trend of the rocks of this region as they are today. At the western boundary of the state there is what is known as the Great Cincinnati Arch; this is simply a bending of the strata of rocks upon themselves, much the same as sheets of paper would appear if bent into the shape of an arch. From its summit the strata dips towards the east and the west. It has been traced from Alabama through Tennessee, Kentucky, Ohio, Michigan and lost in the British possessions, but this arch has a secondary bending upon itself and the highest point is reached in northwestern Ohio and northeastern Indiana. The dip from its summit eastward averages something more than three feet to the mile, but this dip is not regular; the forces which operated to form the Cincinnati arch also operated to form a number of similar but smaller arches and valleys throughout the state. These are known as cinchinal valleys and arches, or divides, each one lower in the series towards the east, the pitch or inclination varying according to location, the western pitch of the divide or arch being never so great as the side towards the east. Thus the strata of rocks which is near the surface at Lima, is many hundreds of feet lower at Dalton or Scio, but not as low as in the valleys of the Killbuck, Tuscarawas or Ohio, while our altitude above Lake Erie is considerably greater than that of Lima.

It will be apparent to anyone conversant with the topographical geography of the state that, commencing with the Ohio valley on the east, the state is traversed by a number of valleys traversing the state from a northeasterly to a southwesterly direction, the only ones of which we are immediately interested in being the valleys of the Tuscarawas and Killbuck, and between which are the so-called divides. The geological formation beneath the surface is similar except that the average trend or dip for about twenty-two degrees south of east from here, of the rocks, considerably exceeds the average from a line east and west. The divide between the Ohio and Tuscarawas is interesting, in that it is instructive, Scio being near the geological summit of the arch.

From these facts the following deductions are drawn: When oil and gas reach the impervious strata they find the receptacle, they fill it and again underflow to the next, and so in succession each one farther west until the great Cincinnati arch is reached, where the great oil and gas fields have been found to exist.

If this view is the correct one the chances of striking oil or gas in the valleys are extremely doubtful, while in the divides the chances increase very much. Scio being near the summit, the chances should be good, northeast and southwest, but becomes less either east or west. Dalton being situated near the summit of the arch between the Tuscarawas and the Killbuck, its chances should also be good.

Of course there is a large element of speculation in everything of this kind, and the man who "would invest if he thought he had a sure thing" had better buy mortgages. However, it is confidently believed that at some time in the near future fine oil fields will be developed in territory somewhere along the arch between the Tuscarawas and Killbuck. In speaking of valleys, care must be taken to discriminate between cinchinal valleys and valleys of erosion including glacial channeling.

Going Down Hill.

People suffering from Kidney Diseases feel a gradual but steady loss of strength and vitality. They should lose no time in trying Foley's Kidney Cure, a Guaranteed Preparation. Rider & Snyder.

As the season of the year when pneumonia, la grippe, sore throat, coughs, colds, catarrh, bronchitis and lung trouble are to be guarded against, nothing "is a fine substitute," will "answer the purpose," or is "just as good" as One Minute Cough Cure. That is the one infallible remedy for all lung, throat or bronchial troubles. Insist vigorously upon having it if "something else" is offered you. Rider & Snyder.

Foley's Honey and Tar Cough Medicine is unquestionably the best remedy for the Throat and Lungs, Pleasant to take and is GUARANTEED. Rider & Snyder.

Drink Grain-O

After you have concluded that you ought not to drink coffee. It is not a medicine, but doctors order it because it is healthful, invigorating and appetizing It is made from pure grains and has that rich seal brown color and tastes like the finest grades of coffee, and costs about one-fourth as much. Children like it and thrive on it because it is a genuine food drink, containing nothing but nourishment. Ask your grocer for Grain-O, the new food drink. 15 and 25c.

Given Up by Four Doctors.

Beaver Dam, O.

My daughter, after being treated by four doctors, and being given up for lost, a neighbor recommended Foley's Kidney Cure. Today she is able to walk several miles without fatigue. I feel we should have lost her if it had not been for your medicine. Respectfully,

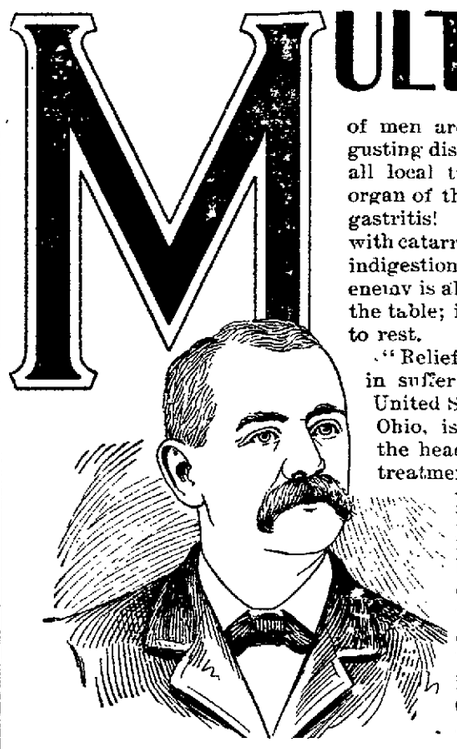
MRS. J. M. BAILEY.

Rider & Snyder.

Croup instantly relieved. Dr. Thomas Eclectric Oil. Perfectly safe. Never fails. At any drug store.

The Truth About Catarrh.

Deputy U. S. Marshal William T. Harness of Ohio, writes to Dr. Hartman.



MULTITUDES

of men are cursed with catarrh. The disgusting disease gets hold and clings; it baffles all local treatment; it penetrates to every organ of the body. It is consumption! It is gastritis! Its names are legion. The man with catarrh of the stomach, commonly called indigestion, knows what suffering is. His enemy is always with him; it haunts him at the table; it follows him when he lies down to rest.

"Relief" is eagerly sought and paid for in suffering. William T. Harness, Deputy United States Marshal Southern District of Ohio, is completely cured of catarrh of the head and stomach by Dr. Hartman's treatment. Mr. Harness, whose picture is printed here, is one of the best known and most popular democrats in Southern Ohio, his popularity being fully demonstrated by his election for three successive terms to office in the republican county of Washington. He was appointed Deputy United States Marshal during the administration of President Cleveland, and his record in that office has been an enviable one.

OFFICE OF UNITED STATES MARSHAL, SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF OHIO, CINCINNATI, O., Sept. 6, 1897.

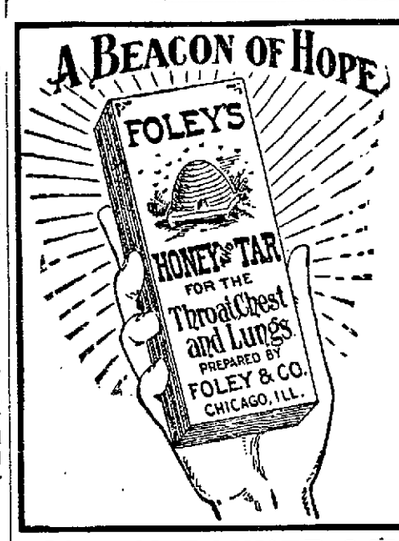
Dr. Hartman, Pres. Pe-ru-na Medicine Co., Columbus, O.

DEAR SIR:—It affords me much pleasure to bear testimony to the worth of your medicines, Pe-ru-na and Man-a-lin. I have been troubled with catarrh of the head and stomach; I have used many of the best known and most widely advertised medicines but found no permanent relief. About one year ago I began to take your Pe-ru-na and I am pleased to say that I now consider myself completely cured of catarrh. I was also troubled with indigestion, and have used your Man-a-lin for four months, but have no trouble from that source any more.

WILLIAM T. HARNESS

Ten thousand demons gnawing away at one's vitals couldn't be much worse than the tortures of itching piles. Yet there's a cure. Doan's Ointment never fails.

If you have had the grip you need Foley's Honey and Tar to heal your lungs and stop the racking cough incidental to the disease. Guaranteed 25 and 50c. Rider & Snyder.



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FOLEY'S HONEY and TAR

IS THE

GREAT THROAT and LUNG REMEDY.

FOLEY'S BANNER SALVE is a Healing Wonder.

Rider & Snyder, Druggists.

C. W. ZIMMERMAN

.....FASHIONABLE MILLINER,

Corner Erie and Tremont Streets, opp. Hotel Sailer, Massillon, Ohio.

WITH FEELINGS OF PRIDE

we ask an inspection of the Millinery Creations, finished and unfinished, we now offer for sale. Our one aim and ambition is to be able to furnish ladies' headwear at very low prices. That we have succeeded we leave for you to say. We called to our aid the brightest minds in the Millinery business; the choice productions of New York City and other markets were secured, and are now in our parlors awaiting your choosing. Being new aspirants for your favors, we want to impress upon you our ability to serve you promptly and well, and because of light expenses we are in a position to give you the best Millinery values procurable in Northern Ohio.

Our Trimming Department

is in charge of MISS L. E. DUTTON of NEW YORK CITY, a lady experienced in the art and one who is possessed of rare taste and ability. Miss Dutton will aid you in selecting colors, suggesting proper effects, etc.

Pattern Hats.

We made Large purchases of French and American Pattern Hats, and this department is worthy your careful attention All the New Spring Shapes, Rich Colors, Effects and Blendings are shown—lovely creations, embellished with choice effects in Flowers, Wings, etc. Purple, Blue and Geranium Shades Predominate. Note the very LOW PRICES quoted.

Untrimmed Hats and Bonnets, Sailors, Etc.

All the New, Nobby Styles; shapes adapted to any sized person, and a stock in which all can find just what is desired. Hats for Misses and Children. Hoods for Little People. We have a special strong line of School Hats for Summer Wear.

Flowers, Wings, Ribbons, Silks, Ornaments.

It's useless for us to attempt a description. We have on display Flowers that rival nature's best productions; Wings, Tips and Plumes perfect in every detail; rich and dainty shades in Silks and Ribbons; beautiful Ornaments of latest designs—everything you want to make the finished hat what it should be.

Asking for a share of your patronage—at least an opportunity to prove our ability to serve you, we remain, most cordially yours,

C. W. ZIMMERMAN,

Cor. Erie and Tremont Sts., Massillon, O.

SPRING JACKETS

Two shipments of our LADIES' SPRING JACKETS have already arrived. They are the correct thing. Come and

Make Your Selections Early.

WHAT REMAINS of our Winter Coats and Capes, are being slaughtered at unheard of prices. Save money by buying now.

CRONE'S Dry Goods Store.

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